CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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WILCOX & BIVINGS, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

4485 Tench Road, Suite 1320 Suwanee, GA 30024 Phone: 770-904-0419 Fax: 770-904-5299

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Commerce, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Commerce, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Commerce, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the City of Commerce, Georgia as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2010, on our consideration of the City of Commerce, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Commerce, Georgia

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Commerce, Georgia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the Schedules of Projects Constructed and Expenditures Incurred with Special Sales Tax Proceeds on pages 75 and 76 are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the Schedules of Projects Constructed and Expenditures Incurred with Special Sales Tax Proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Wilcox & Bivings, P.C.

Suwanee, Georgia October 27, 2010

Management of the City of Commerce, Georgia (the "City") provides this Management Discussion and Analysis, as prescribed by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). This narrative overview and analysis of the City's primary government financial activities is for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. Please consider this information in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$50,962,694 (presented as "net assets"). Of this amount, \$7,345,263 was reported as "unrestricted net assets". Unrestricted net assets represent the amount available to be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors. \$35,058,434 of net assets consisted of investments in capital assets. The remainder of net assets consisted of amounts restricted by state law or debt agreements, and totaled \$8,558,997.
- ➤ The City's total net assets decreased by \$406,735 in fiscal year 2010.
- > As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,755,412. Of this amount, 27% of this total amount \$1,306,743 is unreserved and available for use within the City's designation and policies.
- > At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$1,306,743 or 27% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's primary government financial statements. The City's primary government financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's primary government assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods, such as uncollected property taxes and earned but unused compensated absences.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues ("governmental activities") from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges ("business-type activities"). The governmental activities of the City include general government and administration, public safety, public services, library, parks and recreation, planning and development, and downtown development expenditures. The business-type activities of the City include the City's Natural Gas, Electric, Water and Sewer Systems operations, and Revolving Loan Activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the primary government, but also a legally separate authority, the Downtown Development Authority ("DDA"), for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories – governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains six governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Confiscated Assets, Fire District, SPLOST Old, SPLOST 2005, Library Expansion, and Debt Service funds. The General Fund and SPLOST 2005 Fund are the only major funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 to 16 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its natural gas, electric, water and sewer system operations, and revolving loan activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the natural gas, electric, water and sewer funds, and revolving loan fund. The natural gas, electric, and water and sewer funds are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 to 20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 to 58 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the primary government financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. Supplementary information can be found on pages 59 to 76 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City's primary government financial statements, assets exceeded liabilities by \$50,962,694 as of June 30, 2010 and by \$51,369,429 as of June 30, 2009.

The largest portion of the City's net assets reflects its investments in capital assets (such as land, buildings and improvements, furniture, machinery and equipment, computer equipment, and vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA'S NET ASSETS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

		rnmental iivities	Busines Activ		Total			
				As restated	As restated			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Current and other assets	\$ 5,492,190		\$ 13,198,481 \$					
Capital assets	<u>15,885,657</u>	<u>16,544,033</u>	<u>37,673,534</u>	<u>38,098,654</u>	<u>53,559,191</u>	<u>54,642,687</u>		
Total assets	21,377,847	20,952,210	50,872,015	51,276,147	72,249,862	72,228,357		
Long-term liabilities	352,216	274,755	19,021,368	19,084,913	19,373,584	19,359,668		
Other liabilities	838,811	<u>545,593</u>	1,074,773	953,667	1,913,584	1,499,260		
Total liabilities	1,191,027	820,348	20,096,141	20,038,580	21,287,168	20,858,928		
Net assets:								
Invested in capital asset	·S.							
net of related debt	15,545,840	16,236,960	19,512,594	20,044,709	35,058,434	36,281,669		
Restricted	3,087,088		5,471,909	6,144,281	8,558,997	8,641,875		
		, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,		
Unrestricted	<u>1,553,892</u>	<u>1,397,308</u>	<u>5,791,371</u>	<u>5,048,577</u>	<u>7,345,263</u>	<u>6,445,885</u>		
Total net assets	\$ _20,186,820	\$ _20.131.862	\$ <u>30.775.874</u> \$	31,237,567	\$ _50,962,694	\$ <u>51.369.429</u>		

An additional portion of the City's net assets (16.8%) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$7,345,263, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate categories - governmental and business-type activities.

Analysis of the City's Operations

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the years ended June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009. For the year ended June 30, 2010 governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$54,958. For the year ended June 30, 2009 governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$52,635. Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by \$461,893 for the year ended June 30, 2010 and by \$1,050,264 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA'S CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

		rnmental tivities		ss-Type vities	Total		
	2010	2009	2010	As restated 2009	2010	As restated 2009	
Revenues:							
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 1,712,230	\$ 1,846,332	\$ 12,586,004	\$ 14,567,681 \$	14,298,234 \$	16,414,013	
Contributions Capital grants and	37,989	48,308	-	-	37,989	48,308	
Contributions General revenues:	12,813	22,837	743,177	-	755,990	22,837	
Taxes	2,936,170	2,917,044	-	-	2,936,170	2,917,044	
Investment revenue	64,366		402,422	474,921	466,788	578,312	
Gain on sale of assets	-	6,028	-	-	-	6,028	
Other	95,663				95,663	112,539	
Total revenues	4,859,231	5,056,479	13,731,603	15,042,602	18,590,834	20,099,081	
Expenses:							
General government	478,155	568,573	-	-	478,155	568,573	
Public safety	2,334,325	2,608,320	-	-	2,334,325	2,608,320	
Public services	1,571,182	1,660,109	-	-	1,571,182	1,660,109	
Library	222,410	210,785	-	-	222,410	210,785	
Parks and recreation	534,879	586,778	-	-	534,879	586,778	
Planning and							
Development	263,529	267,415	-	-	263,529	267,415	
Downtown development	170,600	196,378	-	-	170,600	196,378	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest	12,282	17,656	-	-	12,282	17,656	
Natural gas system	-	-	3,790,123	5,617,068	3,790,123	5,617,068	
Electric system	-	-	5,122,572	4,975,637	5,122,572	4,975,637	
Water and sewer							
System	-	-	4,402,574	4,493,261	4,402,574	4,493,261	
Revolving loan			94,938		94,938		
Total expenses	<u>5,587,362</u>	6,116,014	13,410,207	<u>15,085,966</u>	18,997,569	21,201,980	
Excess (deficiency) in net assets before contribution	inc						
and transfers	(728,131) (1,059,535)	321,396	(43,364)	(406,735) (1,102,899)	
Contributions	/ 200.707) / OF 100\	200 707	OF 100			
Transfers	(290,787 1,073,876			85,100	-	<u>-</u>	
Transfers	1,0/3,8/0	1,092,000	(<u>1,073,876</u>)	(<u>1,092,000</u>)			
Change in net assets	54,958	(52,635)	(461,693)	(1,050,264)	(406,735) (1,102.899)	
Net assets July 1,	20,131,862	20,184,497	31,237,567	32,287,831	51,369,429	52,472,328	
Net assets June 30	\$ <u>20,186,820</u>	\$ <u>20,131,862</u>	\$ <u>30,775,874</u> \$	\$ <u>31,237,567</u> \$	<u>50,962,694</u> \$	51,369,429	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,755,412. Approximately 27% of this total amount or \$1,306,743 constitutes unreserved fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to pay for capital projects (\$3,132,094), 2) to pay for prepaid items (\$52,171), 3) to pay for public safety (\$254,404), and 4) to pay for cemetery maintenance (\$10,000).

The General Fund is the chief fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,306,743, while total fund balance reached \$1,368,914. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to the fund's total operational expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 27% of total expenditures, while total fund balance represents 28% of that same amount.

The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$111,082 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- > Total revenues increased by \$69,811 for a percentage decrease of 1.9%. This increase was mainly due to an increase in fines and forfeitures. Fines and forfeitures revenue increased by \$87,433 for a percentage increase of 21.3%.
- > Total expenditures decreased by \$246,019 for a percentage decrease of 4.8%. This decrease was mainly due to decreases in general government and public service expenditures. General government expenditures decreased by \$133,701 and public service expenditures decreased by \$73,645. Expenditures decreased mostly due to a decrease in capital expenditures.

The other governmental funds' fund balances increased by \$610,577 during the current fiscal year. The increases were mainly due to fund balance increases in the SPLOST 2005 Fund. The increase in the SPLOST 2005 Fund was due to the fund collecting more tax revenue than spending on capital projects.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the respective proprietary funds are Natural Gas System - \$1,670,229, Electric System - \$2,188,992, Water and Sewer System - \$1,667,259, and Revolving Loan Fund - \$264,891. The Electric System had an increase in fund net assets of \$151,907. The Natural Gas System, Water and Sewer System, and Revolving Loan Funds had decreases in fund net assets of \$426,420, \$104,711, and \$82,469. The decrease in net assets of the Natural Gas System was due to a decrease in charges for services and utilities purchased for resale. The decrease in the Water and Sewer System was due to the costs to run the system and debt service costs. The decrease in the Revolving Loan Fund was due to the return of revolving loan funds back to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City made revisions to the original appropriations approved by the City Council. Overall these changes resulted in an increase in budgeted revenues of \$10,924, an increase in budgeted expenditures of \$10,924, an increase in budgeted transfers in of \$42,788, and an increase in budgeted transfers out of \$42,788. The largest budget revision was for the transfers in to the General Fund from the Fire District Fund of \$42,788 and the increase in transfers out of the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund of \$42,788. These revisions were made to pay for debt service on a capital lease for the purchase of a new fire truck. No other budget revisions were material.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010, amounts to \$53,559,191 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, machinery and equipment, computer equipment, utility infrastructure, infrastructure assets, and vehicles.

The City has implemented all phases of GASB Statement No. 34. GASB Statement No. 34 requires the reporting and depreciation of all of the City's governmental capital assets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- > The City spent \$225,194 for vehicles.
- > The City spent \$220,495 on water and sewer system improvements.
- > The City spent \$161,614 on machinery and equipment.

CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>			Business-Type Activities					Total		
		2010		2009	_	2010	_	2009	_	2010	_	2009
Land	\$	2,616,689	\$	2,616,689	\$	319,770	\$	319,770	\$	2,936,459	\$	2,936,459
Construction in progress	-	-		14,410		1,299,965		145,170		1,299,965		159,580
Buildings and improvements	;	6,348,008		6,348,008		16,813,570		16,813,570		23,161,578		23,161,578
Utility system infrastructure		-		-		37,558,461		37,302,202		37,558,461		37,302,202
Furniture, fixtures and												
equipment		2,857,609		2,864,824		14,625		14,625		2,872,234		2,879,449
Machinery and equipment		-		-		2,898,527		2,736,913		2,898,527		2,736,913
Computers and equipment		357,766		377,866		469,759		430,838		827,525		808,704
Infrastructure		8,541,151		8,488,174		-		-		8,541,151		8,488,174
Vehicles		1,604,506		1,507,416		497,967		503,821		2,102,473		2,011,237
Accumulated depreciation	(_	6,440,072)	((<u>5,673,354</u>)	(22,199,110)	(20,168,255)	(<u>28,639,182</u>)	(<u>25,841,609</u>)
Total	\$ _	15,885,657	\$	16,544,033	\$	37,673,534	\$	38,098,654	\$	53,559,191	\$	54,642,687

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 5 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$19, in outstanding debt consisting of revenue bonds, capital leases and notes payable. All of the debt was secured by specific revenue sources or capital assets.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA'S OUTSTANDING DEBT - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

		Governmental Activities			 Busine Acti		 Total			
		2010		2009	 2010		2009	 2010	_	2009
Revenue bonds Notes payable Capital leases payable	\$ _	- 40,028 299,789		- 94,363 <u>212,710</u>	\$ 15,493,018 318,504 3,290,579	\$	15,679,401 - 3,459,664	\$ 15,493,018 9 358,532 3,590,368	\$ _	15,679,401 94,363 3,672,374
Total	\$ _	339,817	\$	307,073	\$ 19,102,101	\$	19,139,065	\$ 19,441,918	\$ ₌	19,446,138

The City's total debt (including compensated absences and other long-term operating liabilities) increased by \$13,916, during the current fiscal year mostly attributable to the repayment of long-term debt being offset by additional debt borrowings. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 6.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In the 2010-2011 budget, General Fund revenues and transfers in are budgeted to decrease by 3.4% from the 2009-2010 budget year with taxes making up about 42% of general fund budgeted revenues and transfers in. The 2010-2011 General Fund Budget includes an increase of \$22,000 in tax revenue. The 2010-2011 budget also includes \$1,220,000 in local option sales tax revenues, and \$1,193,907 in transfers from its business type activities. General Fund expenditures are budgeted to decrease by 3.3% from the 2009-2010 budget.

The City has budgeted \$15,862,781 in revenues for its business-type activities for the 2010-2011 year. This is an increase of 4.4% from the 2009-2020 budget year with charges for services making up 88% of budgeted revenues. The increase in revenues is mostly attributable to an increase in water and sewer rates. The City has budgeted \$4,631,669 in expenditures for its Natural Gas System Fund, \$5,643,325 in expenditures for it's Electric System Fund, and \$5,574,161 in expenditures in it's Water and Sewer System Fund.

Subsequent to year end the City was awarded a Community Development Block Grant in the amount of \$500,000 for the rehabilitation of the sewer collection system for two low to moderate income neighborhoods. The City is required to match \$103,004 of the project costs. This City also subsequently entered into a note payable agreement with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority in the amount of \$575,000 for the purchase of leak detection equipment and meters for its Water and Sewer System. \$287,500 of the loan is forgivable.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with general overview of the City's primary government finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the City Clerk at P.O. Box 348, Commerce, Georgia 30529.



CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Component

	F	Unit						
	Governmental	Business-type		Development				
	<u>Activities</u>	<u> Activities</u>	Total	Authority				
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 1,244,813	\$ 4,969,384	\$ 6,214,197	\$ 54,980				
Receivables, net	538,626	1,084,470	1,623,096	1,520				
Prepaid expenses	52,171	17,647	69,818	-				
Inventory	30,824	<u>-</u>	30,824	-				
Internal balances	467,727	(467,727)	-	-				
Due from component unit	2,960	-	2,960	_				
Restricted cash and investments	3,155,069	7,026,504	10,181,573	_				
Long-term receivables	-	227,544	227,544	-				
Unamortized portion of debt issue costs	-	340,659	340,659	_				
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,616,689	1,619,735	4,236,424	319,907				
Depreciable capital assets	13,268,968	36,053,799	49,322,767	<u>654,231</u>				
Depresiable capital assets	10/200/500	<u> </u>	19/022/101	05 1/252				
Total assets	\$ <u>21,377,847</u>	\$ <u>50,872,015</u>	\$ <u>72,249,862</u>	\$ <u>1,030,638</u>				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 492,329	\$ 541,452	\$ 1,033,781	\$ -				
Accrued expenses	130,520	158,834	289,354	10,582				
Deferred revenue	12,611	-	12,611	-				
Due to related party	72,305	-	72,305	_				
Due to primary government	-	=	-	2,960				
Capital leases	91,018	176,933	267,951	-,				
Notes payable	40,028	6,171	46,199	25,560				
Revenue bonds payable	-	191,383	191,383					
nerenae senae payasie								
Total current liabilities	838,811	<u>1,074,773</u>	<u>1,913,584</u>	39,102				
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Customer deposits	=	214,244	214,244	_				
Compensated absences	143,445	79,510	222,955	-				
Capital leases	208,771	3,113,646	3,322,417	_				
Notes payable		312,333	312,333	223,612				
Revenue bonds payable	-	15,301,635	<u>15,301,635</u>	,				
nereme semes payable								
Total noncurrent liabilities	352,216	<u>19,021,368</u>	<u>19,373,584</u>	223,612				
Total liabilities	1,191,027	20,096,141	21,287,168	<u>262,714</u>				
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	15,545,840	19,512,594	35,058,434	724,966				
Restricted for:			20,020,101	,				
Capital projects	2,914,147	-	2,914,147	-				
Debt service	_,,,	1,408,862	1,408,862	_				
Restricted assets	_	4,063,047	4,063,047	_				
Public safety	172,941	-	172,941	_				
Unrestricted	1,553,892	<u>5,791,371</u>	<u>7,345,263</u>	42,958				
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	.2,555				
Total net assets	20,186,820	30,775,874	50,962,694	767,924				
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ <u>21,377,847</u>	\$ <u>50,872,015</u>	\$ <u>72,249,862</u>	\$ <u>1,030,638</u>				

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

						Program Reven		venues
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Indirect Expense Allocation		C	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
runctions/ Programs		EXPENSES	AI	location		Sei vices	Con	ti ibutions
Primary government Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	1,335,155	\$ (857,000)	\$	351,918	\$	_
Public safety	₽	2,487,325	Ψ((153,000)	Ŧ	792,863	Ŧ	30,457
Public services		1,571,182	(-		466,681		- -
Library		222,410		_		14,977		7,532
Parks and recreation		534,879		_		61,409		-
Planning and development		263,529		_		24,382		_
Downtown development authority		170,600		_		-		_
Interest		12,282	_		_	-		
Total governmental activities	-	6,597,362	(_:	<u>L,010,000</u>)	-	1,712,230		37,989
Business-type activities								
Gas system		3,525,123		265,000		4,042,494		-
Electric system		4,772,572		350,000		5,354,898		-
Water and sewer system		4,007,574		395,000		3,188,612		-
Revolving loan		94,938		<u>-</u>	-			
Total business-type activities		12,400,207	_:	L,010,000		12,586,004	_	
Total primary government	\$	<u> 18,997,569</u>	\$		\$	14,298,234	\$	37,989
Component Unit								
Downtown Development Authority	\$	164,246	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,200

General revenues:

Taxes:

Local option sales

Special purpose local option sales

Insurance premium

Property

Franchise

Beer and wine

Motor vehicle

Other

Payments from City of Commerce

Investment return

Other

Contributions

Transfers

Total general revenues, contributions and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets – beginning, as restated

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

-	Cn	anges in Net Asse	Componer	
	Pr	rimary Governmer	Componei nt	Unit
Capital grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Downtown Development Authority
\$ - - - 12,813 - - - - - - 12,813	\$(126,237) (1,511,005) (1,104,501) (187,088) (473,470) (239,147) (170,600) (12,282) (3,824,330)	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$(126,237) (1,511,005) (1,104,501) (187,088) (473,470) (239,147) (170,600) (12,282) (3,824,330)	\$ - - - - - - - -
743,177 - 743,177 \$ 755,990	- - - - - - \$(_3,824,330)	252,371 232,326 (470,785) (94,938) (81,026) \$(81,026)	252,371 232,326 (470,785) (94,938) (81,026) \$(3,905,356)	- - - - - - - -
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$(<u>93,046</u>)
	\$ 1,163,889 854,721 293,405 251,556 171,316 171,391 19,014 10,878 - 64,366 95,663 (290,787) 	\$ - - - - - - - - 402,422 - 290,787 (_1,073,876)	\$ 1,163,889 854,721 293,405 251,556 171,316 171,391 19,014 10,878 - 466,788 95,663	\$ - - - - - - - 170,600 706 15,594 1,690
	<u>3,879,288</u> 54,958	(<u>380,667</u>) (461,693)	3,498,621 (406,735)	<u>188,590</u> 95,544
	20,131,862	31,237,567	<u>51,369,429</u>	672,380
	\$ <u>20,186,820</u>	\$ <u>30,775,874</u>	\$ <u>50,962,694</u>	\$ <u>767,924</u>

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		General		SPLOST 2005	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,163,350	\$	-	\$	81,463	\$	1,244,813
Property taxes receivable		34,712		-		-		34,712
Other taxes receivable		230,118		217,947		-		448,065
Other receivables		55,849		-		-		55,849
Prepaid expenses		52,171		-		-		52,171
Inventory		30,824		-		-		30,824
Due from other funds		523,097		-		2,317		525,414
Due from component unit		2,960		-		-		2,960
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	-	-	<u>2,808,688</u>	_	<u>346,381</u>	_	<u>3,155,069</u>
Total assets	\$_	2,093,081	\$_	3,026,635	\$	430,161	\$	5,549,877
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	492,329	\$	-	\$	-	\$	492,329
Accrued expenses		128,203		-		2,317		130,520
Deferred revenue		29,013		-		12,611		41,624
Due to other funds		2,317		40,097		15,273		57,687
Due to related party	-	72,305			_	<u> </u>	_	<u>72,305</u>
Total liabilities	=	724,167		40,097	_	30,201	_	794,465
Fund balances:								
Reserved for:								
Capital projects		-		2,986,538		145,556		3,132,094
Prepaid items		52,171		-		-		52,171
Cemetery		10,000		-		-		10,000
Public safety		<u>-</u>		-		254,404		254,404
Unreserved	-	<u>1,306,743</u>	-		_	<u> </u>		1,306,743
Total fund balances	-	1,368,914	-	2,986,538	_	399,960	_	4,755,412
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _	2,093,081	\$	3,026,635	\$	430,161	\$	5,549,877

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2010

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	4,755,412
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$6,440,072.		15,885,657
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property taxes receivable		29,013
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences Capital leases payable Notes payable	(143,445) 299,789) 40,028)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ <u>_</u>	20,186,820

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

REVENUES	General	SPLOST 2005	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 2,074,599	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,074,599
Charges for services	592,960	-	207,118	800,078
Fines and forfeitures	497,898	_	33,334	531,232
Late payment fees	191,908	_	-	191,908
Licenses and permits	131,002	_	_	131,002
Intergovernmental	55,989	854,721	12,813	923,523
Other	135,673	-	-	135,673
Investment return	10,513	50,029	3,824	64,366
2117 Cocinicate Focusin	10/010	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total revenues	<u>3,690,542</u>	904,750	<u>257,089</u>	4,852,381
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating	262 472			262 472
General government Public safety	262,473	-	- 29,770	262,473
	2,297,894	-	29,770	2,327,664
Public services	1,227,055	-	-	1,227,055
Library Parks and recreation	192,308 454,183	<u>-</u>	-	192,308 454,183
Planning and development	277,063	<u>-</u>	_	277,063
Downtown development	170,600	_	-	170,600
Capital Outlay	170,000	- 293,472	20,242	313,714
Debt Service	-	293,472	20,242	313,714
Principal Principal	_	_	206,022	206,022
Interest	_	_	12,282	12,282
Interest			12,202	12,202
Total expenditures	4,881,576	<u>293,472</u>	<u>268,316</u>	5,443,364
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(<u>1,191,034</u>)	611,278	(<u>11,227</u>)	(590,983)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from debt	238,766	-	-	238,766
Transfers in	1,248,658	-	218,304	1,466,962
Transfers out	(<u>185,308</u>)		(<u>207,778</u>)	(<u>393,086</u>)
Net other financing sources (uses)	1,302,116		10,526	1,312,642
net other infallenty sources (uses)	1,502,110		10,520	<u> 1/312/042</u>
Net changes in fund balance	111,082	611,278	(701)	721,659
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,257,832	2,375,260	400,661	4,033,753
Fund balance - end of year	\$ <u>1,368,914</u>	\$ <u>2,986,538</u>	\$ <u>399,960</u>	\$ <u>4,755,412</u>

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	721,659
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense	(296,023 944,866)
The net effect of the casualty loss of capital assets is to decrease net assets	(9,533)
A certain amount of property tax revenues in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources and is not reported as revenue in the funds		6,850
Long-term compensated absences were reported in the statement of activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, long-term compensated absences were not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		17,569
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets: Capital leases payable Notes payable		151,687 54,335
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, which increases long-term liabilities on the statement of activities: Capital leases payable	(238,766)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	54,958

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

_				
				Variance with
				Final budget
	Original	Final	A -41	Over
DEVENUEC	Budget	Budget	<u> Actual</u>	<u>(Under)</u>
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 2,255,492	\$ 2,255,492	\$ 2,074,599	\$(180,893)
Charges for services	\$ 2,255,492 633,500	633,500	\$ 2,074,599 592,960	(40,540)
Fines and forfeitures	456,800	456,800	497,898	41,098
Late payment fees	190,000	190,000	191,908	1,908
Licenses and permits	128,250	128,250	131,002	2,752
Intergovernmental	56,250	56,250	55,989	(261)
Other	101,125	112,049	135,673	23,624
Investment return	70,000	70,000	10,513	(59,487)
Total revenues before budgeted surplus				
carryover	3,891,417	3,902,341	3,690,542	(211,799)
Budgeted surplus carryover	125,000	125,000	125,000	
Total revenues and budgeted surplus				
Carryover	4,016,417	<u>4,027,341</u>	<u>3,815,542</u>	(<u>211,799</u>)
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating				
General government	389,226	389,226	262,473	126,753
Public safety	2,507,836	2,518,760	2,297,894	220,866
Public services	1,370,041	1,370,041	1,227,055	142,986
Library	217,864	217,864	192,308	25,556
Parks and recreation	493,426	493,426	454,183	39,243
Planning and development	295,619	295,619	277,063	18,556
Downtown development	<u>177,351</u>	<u>177,351</u>	<u>170,600</u>	<u>6,751</u>
Total expenditures	<u>5,451,363</u>	<u>5,462,287</u>	<u>4,881,576</u>	<u>580,711</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under	·)			
expenditures (budgetary basis)	(1,434,946)	(1,434,946)	(1,060,034)	368,912
Adjustments				
To adjust for budgeted surplus carryover	r <u></u>		(<u>125,000</u>)	(<u>125,000</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under	·)			
Expenditures (GAAP basis)	(<u>1,434,946</u>)	(<u>1,434,946</u>)	(<u>1,191,034</u>)	243,912
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital leases	263,000	263,000	238,766	(24,234)
Sales of surplus property	7,000	7,000	-	(7,000)
Transfers in	1,316,801	1,359,589	1,248,658	(110,931)
Transfers out	(<u>145,855</u>)	(<u>188,643</u>)	(<u>185,308</u>)	<u>3,335</u>
Net other financing sources (uses)	1,440,946	<u>1,440,946</u>	<u>1,302,116</u>	(<u>138,830</u>)
Net change in fund balance	6,000	6,000	111,082	105,082
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,257,832	1,257,832	1,257,832	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ <u>1,263,832</u>	\$ <u>1,263,832</u>	\$ <u>1,368,914</u>	\$ <u>105,082</u>

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
	NATURAL GAS SYSTEM	ELECTRIC SYSTEM	WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM	OTHER ENTERPRISE FUND REVOLVING LOAN FUND	TOTALS			
ASSETS				-				
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$ 1,696,777	\$ 2,291,630	\$ 980,977	\$ -	\$ 4,969,384			
Accounts receivable, net	149,406	295,738	167,068	-	612,212			
Other receivables	-	-	-	61	61			
Notes receivable	-	-	-	37,286	37,286			
Intergovernmental receivable	-	-	434,911	-	434,911			
Prepaid expenses	3,724	<u>3,215</u>	<u>10,708</u>		<u> 17,647</u>			
Total current assets	1,849,907	2,590,583	1,593,664	37,347	6,071,501			
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted cash and investments	66,413	4,018,363	2,697,152	244,576	7,026,504			
Notes receivable	-	-,010,505	-	227,544	227,544			
Unamortized portion of debt issue costs	23,121	-	317,538		340,659			
Net capital assets	8,769,015	5,836,748	23,067,771		<u>37,673,534</u>			
·								
Total noncurrent assets	<u>8,858,549</u>	9,855,111	26,082,461	472,120	<u>45,268,241</u>			
Total assets	\$ <u>10,708,456</u>	\$ <u>12,445,694</u>	\$ <u>27,676,125</u>	\$ <u>509,467</u>	\$ <u>51,339,742</u>			
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 152,914	\$ 376,729	\$ 11,809	\$ -	\$ 541,452			
Accrued expenses	29,500	7,252	122,082	-	158,834			
Due to other funds	2,010	1,685	360,387	103,645	467,727			
Capital leases	176,933	-	-	-	176,933			
Note payable	-	-	6,171	-	6,171			
Revenue bonds payable			<u>191,383</u>		<u>191,383</u>			
Total current liabilities	361,357	385,666	691,832	103,645	<u>1,542,500</u>			
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Customer deposits	66,413	96,247	51,584	-	214,244			
Compensated absences	18,375	15,925	45,210	-	79,510			
Capital leases	3,113,646	-	-	-	3,113,646			
Note payable	-	-	312,333	-	312,333			
Revenue bonds payable			<u>15,301,635</u>		<u> 15,301,635</u>			
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,198,434	112,172	15,710,762		19,021,368			
Total liabilities	<u>3,559,791</u>	497,838	16,402,594	103,645	20,563,868			
FUND NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net								
of related debt	5,478,436	5,836,748	8,197,410	_	19,512,594			
Restricted for debt service	-	-	1,408,862	_	1,408,862			
Restricted for restricted assets	-	3,922,116	-, 100,002	140,931	4,063,047			
Unrestricted	1,670,229	2,188,992	1,667,259	264,891	5,791,371			
Total fund net assets	7,148,665	11,947,856	11,273,531	405,822	30,775,874			
Total liabilities and fund net assets	\$ <u>10,708,456</u>	\$ <u>12,445,694</u>	\$ <u>27,676,125</u>	\$ <u>509,467</u>	\$ <u>51,339,742</u>			

SEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NATURAL GAS SYSTEM SYSTE		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Charges for services Other \$ 4,019,182 23,312 \$ 5,326,295 28,603 \$ 3,165,139 23,473 - \$ 12,510,616 75,388 Total operating revenues 4,042,494 5,354,898 3,188,612 - \$ 12,586,004 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services 650,641 684,953 1,515,739 - \$ 2,851,333 Contractual services 41,969 41,917 163,465 - \$ 247,351 Utilities purchased for resale 2,468,768 3,894,474 - \$ 6,363,242 Utilities 10,555 9,139 228,178 - \$ 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - \$ 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - \$ 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - \$ 247,872 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - \$ 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - \$ 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 710,834 - \$ 94,938 94,938 Interest and investment earnings<		_	GAS	-		A	ND SEWER		NTERPRISE FUND EVOLVING LOAN		TOTALS
Other 23.312 28.603 23.473 - 75.388 Total operating revenues 4,042,494 5,354,898 3,188,612 - 12,586,004 OPERATING EXPENSES Fersonal services 650,641 684,953 1,515,739 - 2,851,333 Contractual services 41,969 41,917 163,465 - 247,351 Utilities purchased for resale 2,468,768 3,894,474 - - 6,363,242 Utilities purchased for resale 10,555 9,139 228,178 - 247,872 Repairs and maintenance 13,084 41,572 172,815 - 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 12,419,159 Operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Interest and investment earnings <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>											
OPERATING EXPENSES Fersonal services 650,641 684,953 1,515,739 - 2,851,333 Contractual services 41,969 41,917 163,465 - 2,47,351 Utilities purchased for resale 2,468,768 3,894,474 - - 6,363,242 Utilities 10,555 9,139 228,178 - 247,872 Repairs and maintenance 13,084 41,572 172,815 - 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 2 - 94,938 94,938 Interest and investment earnings <td></td> <td>\$ _</td> <td>, ,</td> <td>\$ _</td> <td></td> <td>\$ _</td> <td></td> <td>\$ _</td> <td><u> </u></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>		\$ _	, ,	\$ _		\$ _		\$ _	<u> </u>	\$	
Personal services 650,641 684,953 1,515,739 - 2,851,333 Contractual services 41,969 41,917 163,465 - 247,351 Utilities purchased for resale 2,468,768 3,894,474 - - 6,363,242 Utilities 10,555 9,139 228,178 - 247,872 Repairs and maintenance 13,084 41,572 172,815 - 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 </td <td>Total operating revenues</td> <td>-</td> <td>4,042,494</td> <td>_</td> <td>5,354,898</td> <td>-</td> <td>3,188,612</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>12,586,004</td>	Total operating revenues	-	4,042,494	_	5,354,898	-	3,188,612	_			12,586,004
Contractual services 41,969 41,917 163,465 - 247,351 Utilities purchased for resale 2,468,768 3,894,474 - - 6,363,242 Utilities 10,555 9,139 228,178 - 247,872 Repairs and maintenance 13,084 41,572 172,815 - 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45.072 27.561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 1 1,469 402,422 Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Interest expense (154,365) - 710,834 <	OPERATING EXPENSES										
Contractual services 41,969 41,917 163,465 - 247,351 Utilities purchased for resale 2,468,768 3,894,474 - - 6,363,242 Utilities 10,555 9,139 228,178 - 247,872 Repairs and maintenance 13,084 41,572 172,815 - 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Personal services</td><td></td><td>650,641</td><td></td><td>684,953</td><td></td><td>1,515,739</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>2,851,333</td></td<>	Personal services		650,641		684,953		1,515,739		-		2,851,333
Utilities purchased for resale 2,468,768 3,894,474 - 6,363,242 Utilities 10,555 9,139 228,178 - 247,872 Repairs and maintenance 13,084 41,572 172,815 - 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Intergovernmental expense - - - (94,938) 19,4938) 194,938) Intergovernmental expense (154,365) - (710,834) - 86,5199) Amortization	Contractual services		41,969						-		
Utilities 10,555 9,139 228,178 - 247,872 Repairs and maintenance 13,084 41,572 172,815 - 227,471 Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1nterest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Interest expense - - - - 94,938) 94,938) Interest expense (154,365) - (710,834) - (865,199) Amortization (1,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	Utilities purchased for resale		•		•		-		_		•
Repairs and maintenance Materials and supplies 13,084 (9,102 (237,130 (237,130 (238,674))) - 227,471 (238,674) - 338,874 (27,130 (238,674)) - 338,874 (27,561) - 2,058,630 (27,563) - 2,058,630 (27,561)							228.178		-		
Materials and supplies 32,642 69,102 237,130 - 338,874 Depreciation 404,547 336,343 1,317,740 - 2,058,630 Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Intergovernmental expense - - - 94,938 94,938 Interest expense (154,365) - (710,834) - (865,199) Amortization (11,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 653,693 82,469 588,626 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) 82,469 421,781			•		-		-		_		-
Depreciation Bad debt 404,547 11,753 336,343 45,072 1,317,740 27,561 - 2,058,630 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Intergovernmental expense (94,938) 94,938) 11,799 - (94,938) 94,938) 11,799 - (710,834) - (865,199) - (865,199) - (30,911) - (30			•		•		•		_		
Bad debt 11,753 45,072 27,561 - 84,386 Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 (474,016) - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Intergovernmental expense - - - 94,938) 94,938) Interest expense (154,365) - (710,834) - (865,199) Amortization (1,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 (653,693) (82,469) (588,626) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS - - - 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - 1,073,876									_		
Total operating expenses 3,633,959 5,122,572 3,662,628 - 12,419,159 Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 (474,016) - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Intergovernmental expense - (94,938) (94,938) Interest expense (154,365) - (710,834) - (865,199) Amortization (1,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 (653,693) (82,469) (588,626) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)									_		
Operating income (loss) 408,535 232,326 474,016 - 166,845 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings Interest and investment earnings Interest expense Intergovernmental expense Interest expense Income (loss) before contributions Income (loss) before contributions Income (loss) before contributions Interest expenses Interest expense Interest expens	bau debt	•	11,/33	-	43,072	-	27,301	•		•	84,380
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment earnings Interest and investment earnings Intergovernmental expense Intergovernmental expense Interest	Total operating expenses	•	<u>3,633,959</u>	-	5,122,572	-	3,662,628	-	-		12,419,159
Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Intergovernmental expense - - - (94,938) (94,938) Interest expense (154,365) - (710,834) - (865,199) Amortization (1,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 (653,693) (82,469) (588,626) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) 82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS - - - 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)	Operating income (loss)		408,535	_	232,326	(_	<u>474,016</u>)				<u> 166,845</u>
Interest and investment earnings 32,232 271,468 86,253 12,469 402,422 Intergovernmental expense - - - (94,938) (94,938) Interest expense (154,365) - (710,834) - (865,199) Amortization (1,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 (653,693) (82,469) (588,626) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) 82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS - - - 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Intergovernmental expense - - - (94,938) (94,938) Interest expense (154,365) - (710,834) - (865,199) Amortization (1,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 (653,693) (82,469) (588,626) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS - - 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)			32.232		271.468		86.253		12.469		402.422
Interest expense Amortization (154,365)			-				-	((
Amortization (1,799) - (29,112) - (30,911) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 (653,693) (82,469) (588,626) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)		(154 365)		_	1	710 834)	•	-	ì	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (123,932) 271,468 (653,693) (82,469) (588,626) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS TRANSFERS 1,033,964 1,033,964 1,033,964 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) (1,073,876)		7	, ,		_	ì	, ,		_	ì	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS - - 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)	Allordadion	١.	1,733	_		_		_		١.	50/511
and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS TRANSFERS - - - 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(.	123,932)	_	271,468	(_	<u>653,693</u>)	(_	<u>82,469</u>)	(<u>588,626</u>)
and transfers 284,603 503,794 (1,127,709) (82,469) (421,781) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS TRANSFERS - - - 1,033,964 - 1,033,964 TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) - (1,073,876)	Income (loss) before contributions										
TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) (1,073,876)			284,603		503,794	(1,127,709)	(82,469)	(421,781)
TRANSFERS (711,023) (351,887) (10,966) (1,073,876)	CADITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						1 022 064				1 022 064
		,	711 022\	,	- 251.007\	,			-	,	1,033,904
Change in fund not people (426 420) 454 007 (404 741) (22 460) (464 602)	IRANSFERS	(.	/11,023)	(_	351,887)	(_	10,966)	_		(.	1,0/3,8/6)
Change in rund net assets (426,420) 151,907 (104,711) (82,469) (461,693)	Change in fund net assets	(426,420)		151,907	(104,711)	(82,469)	(461,693)
Tabel 6 and web accepts the circuits are westered	Tatal found was access to beginning as well-to-d										
Total fund net assets – beginning, as restated 7 F7F 09F 11 70F 040 11 279 242 499 201 21 227 F67			7 575 005		11 70F 040		11 270 242		400 201		21 227 567
for Electric System <u>7,575,085</u> <u>11,795,949</u> <u>11,378,242</u> <u>488,291</u> <u>31,237,567</u>	for Electric System		7,5/5,085	-	11,/95,949	-	11,3/8,242	-	488,291		31,23/,56/
Total fund net assets – ending \$	Total fund net assets – ending	\$	7,148,665	\$ _	11,947,856	\$ _	11,273,531	\$ _	405,822	\$	30,775,874

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
				OTHER ENTERPRISE FUND				
	NATURAL GAS SYSTEM	ELECTRIC SYSTEM	WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM	REVOLVING LOAN FUND	TOTALS			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,013,582	\$ 5,323,307	\$ 3,212,820	\$ 24,806	\$ 12,574,515			
Payments to suppliers	(2,902,481)	(4,551,585)	(1,175,475)	-	(8,629,541)			
Payments to employees	(<u>278,869</u>)	(<u>227,806</u>)	(<u>815,905</u>)		(<u>1,322,580</u>)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>832,232</u>	<u>543,916</u>	1,221,440	24,806	2,622,394			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers to other funds	(<u>711,023</u>)	(<u>351,887</u>)	(10,966)		(<u>1,073,876</u>)			
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(711,023)	(<u>351,887</u>)	(<u>10,966</u>)		(<u>1,073,876</u>)			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts of capital contributions	-	-	599,053	-	599,053			
Proceeds from capital debt	-	-	318,504	-	318.504			
Closing costs paid on capital debt	-	-	(14,666)	-	(14,666)			
Purchases of capital assets	(16,278)	(71,489)	(1,509,173)	-	(1,596,940)			
Principal paid on capital debt	(169,085)	-	(195,000)	-	(364,085)			
Interest paid on capital debt	(<u>155,764</u>)		(710,409)		(<u>866,173</u>)			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(<u>341,127</u>)	(<u>71,489</u>)	(<u>1,511,691</u>)		(<u>1,924,307</u>)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from sales of investments	_	492,882	3,701,811	_	4,194,693			
Purchase of investments	-	(911,164)	(3,704,438)	-	(4,615,602)			
Lending of notes receivable	-	-	-	(175,549)	(175,549)			
Investment earnings	32,232	283,633	111,124	12,445	439,434			
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	32,232	(<u>134,649</u>)	108,497	(<u>163,104</u>)	(<u>157,024</u>)			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash Equivalents	(187,686)	(14,109)	(192,720)	(138,298)	(532,813)			
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year	1,950,876	319,422	2,399,439	373,215	5,052,611			
Cash and cash equivalents – end of year	\$ <u>1,763,190</u>	\$ <u>305,313</u>	\$ <u>2,206,719</u>	\$ <u>244,576</u>	\$ <u>4,519,798</u>			

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
		NATURAL GAS SYSTEM		ELECTRIC SYSTEM	A	WATER ND SEWER SYSTEM		OTHER NTERPRISE FUND EVOLVING LOAN FUND		TOTALS
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	408,535	\$	232,326	\$(474,016)	\$	-	\$	166,845
Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:		404,547		336,343		1,317,740		-		2,058,630
Accounts receivable	,	29,077)	(28,817)		24,643		_	(33,251)
Notes receivable	•	23,077)	(20,017)		24,043		24,806	,	24,806
Prepaid expenses	(3,724)	(3,215)	(10,708)		24,000	(17,647)
Accounts payable	•	50,574	(5,213 <i>)</i> 5,972	(11,809		_	,	68,355
Accrued expenses	1	963)	(147)	(730)		_	(1,840)
Internal balances	•	2,010	•	1,685	•	360,387		_	•	364,082
Customer deposits		165	(2,774)	(435)		_	(3,044)
Compensated absences	-	165 165	`_	2,543	(_	7,250)	-		(_	4,54 <u>2</u>)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$:	832,232	\$ ₌	543,916	\$ _	1,221,440	\$ ₌	24,806	\$ _	2,622,394
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS	TO ST	ATEMENT OF	VET.	ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,696,777	\$	2,291,630	\$	980,977	\$	-	\$	4,969,384
Restricted cash and investments	-	66,413	-	4,018,363	_	2,697,152	-	<u> 244,576</u>	-	7,026,504
Total cash and investments		1,763,190		6,309,993		3,678,129		244,576		11,995,888
Less: investments and restricted investments	_		(_	6,004,680)	(_	1,471,410)	-		(_	7,476,090)
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$:	1,763,190	\$ <u>_</u>	305,313	\$ ₌	2,206,719	\$ ₌	244,576	\$ =	4,519,798

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the primary government of the City have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting. Pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989 are not applied in the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 20. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. This Statement has established financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States. As part of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the City has prepared required supplementary information titled Management's Discussion and Analysis, which precedes the primary government financial statements.

REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate holding entities) for which the City may or not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable with the City's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose a specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, and accordingly, data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. The component unit discussed below should be included in the City's reporting entity because of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Commerce Downtown Development Authority - The Commerce Downtown Development Authority ("DDA"), is governed by a board appointed by the City Council and Mayor. The DDA was created for the purpose of administering activities with regard to the revitalization and promotion of downtown Commerce. The DDA provides community promotions, streetscape maintenance, downtown beautification, and building oversight and maintenance for the City owned cultural center. The DDA is required to submit a budget to the City Council for approval. The City Council determines a monthly allocation that it pays to the DDA for its operations. The City also pays the salary and some other expenses related to downtown development. The DDA is a component unit of the City.

The DDA did not issue separate financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information of all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. The effect of Interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and (2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

SPLOST 2005 Fund - The SPLOST 2005 Fund is a capital projects fund. It is used to account for all activities related to the 2005 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) as restricted by law. SPLOST is the primary revenue of the fund, and capital outlay expenditures for water and sewer system and roads and bridges improvements are the primary expenditures of the fund.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

Natural Gas System Fund – The Natural Gas System Fund is used to account for the provision of natural gas services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the gas system and billing and collection activities. This fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for gas system debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Proprietary funds - continued

Electric System Fund - The Electric System Fund is used to account for the provision of electricity services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the electric system and billing and collection activities. This fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for electric system debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the funds.

Water and Sewer System Fund – The Water and Sewer System Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water and sewer system and billing and collection activities. This fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water and sewer system debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net assets and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental fund revenues are recognized when received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds. The budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budget for the Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds are adopted on a GAAP basis, except that long-term debt borrowings are budgeted as revenues and depreciation expense is not budgeted. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Mayor and City Council. Some individual revisions were material in relation to the original appropriations.

A legally authorized, non-appropriated budget is prepared for the SPLOST Old, SPLOST 2005, and Library Expansion Capital Project Funds. Expenditures for these funds are controlled on a project basis and are carried forward each year until the project is completed.

Budgeting Policy

- The City Manager submits to the Mayor and City Council a proposed operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and revenues for the General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budget is then approved by the Mayor and City Council, and becomes the basis for the millage levied by them.
- Management may not make any budget revisions without the prior approval of the City Council. Budget revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or line item within a department must be approved by the City Council.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds.
- All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not represent GAAP expenditures or liabilities but represent budgetary accounting controls. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Revenue, or Proprietary Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The City of Commerce has no recorded encumbrances at June 30, 2010.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agents. Additionally, the City considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and certificates of deposit that are not restricted to be cash and cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair value based on the last reported sales price as of the balance sheet date.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED REVENUE

Accounts receivable are recorded in the General and Proprietary Funds. Receivables are stated at their net realizable value (face value less the allowance for uncollectible accounts). Delinquent taxes receivable are fully reserved by the deferral of the related revenues until payment is received. Utility receivables are recognized only when billed. No accrual of earned, but unbilled receivables is made at year-end. The City had no allowances for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2010.

PREPAID EXPENSES

Payments made for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2010 are recorded as prepaid expenses.

RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Certain funds are held by the General and Enterprise Funds in accounts restricted for customer deposits, debt service, capital expenditures, and the Municipal Competitive Trust Agreement with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia. These funds are held in cash and/or investments as allowed by State law and the requirements of the related debt agreements. The investments are stated at fair value and the City records all investment revenue earned on these investments in the appropriate Fund.

INVENTORIES

The governmental fund type fuel inventory is valued at cost using the first-in first-out or FIFO method with fuel inventory charged to expenditures when consumed. All other governmental fund type inventories are accounted for using the purchase method, whereby inventories are charged to expenditures when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, machinery and equipment, office equipment, computer equipment, infrastructure assets, utility systems infrastructure, and vehicles. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of 5 years or more. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, appraised value, or estimated historical cost or replacement cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures; renewal and betterments are capitalized. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 40 years
Natural Gas system	10 - 40 years
Electric system	10 - 33 years
Water and sewer system	10 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10 - 15 years
Computer equipment	5 - 10 years
Other infrastructure	20 - 40 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years

The City has elected not to capitalize collections and works of art. Collections such as works of art and historical artifacts meet the definition of a capital asset. The requirement for capitalization is waived, however, for collections that meet the following conditions:

- > The collection is held for reasons other than financial gain.
- The collection is protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved.
- > The collection is subject to an organizational policy requiring that the proceeds from sales of collection items be used to acquire other items for collections.

The sale or disposal of capital assets is recorded by removing the cost and accumulated depreciation from the accounts and charging the resulting gain or loss to income.

The City capitalizes interest costs as part of the cost of construction of various construction projects when material.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, drainage, sidewalks, etc. The City fully implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.

Capital assets utilized in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. Depreciation expense is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

INTEREST EXPENSE AND CAPITALIZED INTEREST

Interest expense on long-term debt has been included as a direct function expense in the governmental and business-type activities. Total interest expense from governmental activities was \$12,282. Total interest expense from business-type activities was \$865,199. Of this amount, \$154,365 was charged to the natural gas system and \$710,834 was charged to the water and sewer system.

Interest costs are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds on debt where proceeds were used to finance the construction of assets. Total interest costs incurred by the City's proprietary funds for the year ended June 30, 2010 were \$866,250. Of this amount, \$865,199 of interest costs were charged to expense, and \$1,051 of interest costs were capitalized by the proprietary funds for the year ended June 30, 2010.

BOND DISCOUNTS AND ISSUANCE COSTS

Proprietary Fund bond discounts and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts are presented as unamortized portion of bond issue costs; whereas, issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

City employees are entitled to receive, upon termination of or retirement from employment, all accumulated annual leave up to 250 hours. The estimated portion of the liability for accumulated leave attributable to the City's governmental activities and business-type activities are recorded as long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets. Current amounts due are not recorded in the governmental-wide statement of net assets due to their immaterial nature. The amounts attributable to proprietary funds are charged to expense and a corresponding liability in the applicable fund. Estimated liabilities of required salary related payments are not recognized due to their immaterial nature.

LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt is recorded on the statement of net assets in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, and any related interest expense is recorded on the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statements and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental fund types are not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements.

RESERVES OF FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS

The City records reserves to indicate that a portion of the fund balance/net assets is legally segregated for a specific use.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

USE OF RESTRICTED/UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net assets first.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Property Taxes - City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. Receivables outstanding more than 60 days after year-end are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property 91 days after their due date. Taxes were levied on October 12, 2009, which is the date that the millage rate was established, and were billed on October 20, 2009 and were payable by December 20, 2009. Jackson County bills and collects property taxes for the City. The millage rate for the 2009 tax digest was set at 1.50 mills.

Sales Taxes - Sales tax is considered to be measurable when they have been collected by the State and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Licenses and Permits, Charges for Services, Fines and Forfeitures and Miscellaneous Revenues (Except Investment Earnings) - are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

ALLOCATION OF INDIRECT COSTS

The City allocates indirect costs for general government services, such as finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology, management, etc., to its business-type activities. Allocations are charged to programs based on use of general government services determined by various allocation methodologies. These charges are separately reported in the statement of activities.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

Custodial credit risk for cash deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits to be 110% collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the United States or certain obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government, obligations of the State of Georgia, or industrial revenue bonds or bonds of public or development authorities, counties, or municipalities of the State of Georgia. The collateral pledged by the banks' trust department but not in the City's name is composed of bonds of U.S. Government Agencies. The City has no policy on custodial credit risk other than it complies with the State of Georgia requirements.

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the City's cash was \$8,919,680 and the bank balance was \$9,469,220. The bank balances differ from the carrying amounts due to outstanding checks and deposits, and reconciling items. The City's deposits are covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held by pledging financial institution or it's agent in the City's name. The City has not adopted a formal deposit policy.

The carrying amounts of deposits for the Downtown Development Authority, a discretely presented component unit, were \$54,980 and the bank balance was \$56,042. The entire bank balance was covered by Federal Depository Insurance at June 30, 2010.

Investments

State statutes authorize the City to invest only in certificates of deposit of banks and savings and loan associations which have deposits insured by the FDIC with any uninsured amounts collateralized by direct obligations of the United States or the State of Georgia; obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities; or bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State of Georgia and of its agencies and its instrumentalities. The City has not adopted a formal investment policy.

As of June 30, 2010, the City had the following investments:

Investment	Rating	Maturity		Fair Value
Primary Government				
Business-type activities				
Federated US Treasury Cash Reserves SS	AAAm	07/01/10-01/31/10	\$	196,427
Total cash equivalents			\$ <u></u>	196,427
FNMA Partn Cert Pool	Not Rated	08/02/10	\$	1,471,410
Municipal Competitive Trust:		, ,	•	
Short-term Portfolio	Not Rated	07/01/10-10/25/10		1,288,461
Intermediate Portfolio	Not Rated	07/01/10-12/15/14		2,792,526
Intermediate Tax Restricted Portfolio	Not Rated	07/01/10-12/15/15		1,923,693
Total investments			\$ <u></u>	7,476,090

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The City is involved in an external investment pool, the Municipal Competitive Trust, which is administered by the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia ("MEAG"), a governmental entity. Due to the anticipated deregulation of the retail sale of electricity in the state of Georgia, the City entered into a Municipal Competitive Trust agreement with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia ("MEAG"). The City purchases for resale, electric power from MEAG. The City is a beneficiary of this trust, and the City and MEAG deposit monies in the trust from time to time. All monies are held by the trustee, Wachovia Bank, for the City's benefit and are invested in investment securities. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The City has recorded the assets in the Electric System Enterprise Fund. The Municipal Competitive Trust permits the investment of funds in direct obligations of the United States Government, direct and general obligations of states, certain Federal agency discount notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities, which would otherwise by permissible under the laws of the State of Georgia. The fair value of the City's position in the pool changes with market conditions, and is calculated based on the fair market value of net assets held in the pool at the close of each business day. The pool determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on the market value per share at the close of the business day of the sale or redemption.

Credit Risk. The City has no policy regarding credit risk. The investment in the Federated US Treasury Cash Reserves SS is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City's investments in the FNMA Partn Cert Pool and the Municipal Competitive Trust are not rated. The FNMA Partn Cert Pool invests in obligations backed by the United States Government. The Municipal Competitive Trust permits the investment of funds in direct obligations of the United States Government, direct and general obligations of states, certain Federal agency discount notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities, which would otherwise by permissible under the laws of the State of Georgia.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, the custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's \$196,427 investment in Federated US Treasury Cash Reserves SS is an investment in money market funds. An investment in money market funds is neither insured nor guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Although money market funds seek to preserve the value of the investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the funds. Fund shares are not guaranteed by the US Government. The fund is a managed portfolio and its holdings are subject to change. The fund shares are held in an investment account in the City's name. The City's investments in the FNMA Partn Cert Pool are invested in obligations backed by the United States Government, therefore, they are guaranteed by the US Government. Custodial Credit Risk is not required for external investment pools, therefore, the Municipal Competitive Trust is exempt from this requirement. The City has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect an investment's fair value. Since the price of a bond fluctuates with market interest rates, the risk that an investor faces is that the price of a bond held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. The City uses the specific identification of maturity of its investments. The Federated US Treasury Cash Reserves SS maturity range is from 07/01/10 - 1/31/11, the FNMA Partn Cert Pool investment matures 08/02/10, the Municipal Competitive Trust Short-term Portfolio maturity range is from 07/01/10 - 10/25/10, the Municipal Competitive Trust Intermediate Portfolio maturity range is from 07/01/10 - 12/15/14, and the Municipal Competitive Trust Intermediate Tax Restricted Portfolio maturity range is from 07/01/10 - 12/15/15.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City places no limit on the amount that the City may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the City's investments are in the FNMA Partn Cert Pool that mature 08/02/10. This investment is 19.7% of the City's total investments. External investment pools are excluded from the concentration of credit risk requirement, therefore, the Municipal Competitive Trust is exempt from this requirement.

Foreign Currency Risk. The City has no foreign currency risk as all investments are in U.S. dollar-denominated assets.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The City's cash and investments are reported as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments				\$ 8,919,680 7,476,090
Total cash and investments				\$ <u>16,395,770</u>
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- Type Activities	Total Cash and <u>Investments</u>
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments		\$ 1,244,813 3,155,069	\$ 4,969,384 <u>7,026,504</u>	
Total		\$ <u>4,399,882</u>	\$ <u>11,995,888</u>	\$ <u>16,395,770</u>
NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES	Governme General	ntal Activities SPLOST 2005	Business- type Activities	Total
Current receivables: Property taxes Sales and other taxes Accounts Intergovernmental Notes Other Total current	\$ 34,712 230,118 - - - 55,849 320,679	217,947 - - - - -	\$ - 612,212 434,911 37,286 61 1,084,470	\$ 34,712 448,065 612,212 434,911 37,286 55,910 1,623,096
Long-term receivables: Notes Total receivables	 \$320.679		227,544	<u>227,544</u> \$ <u>1,850,640</u>
i otal i eccivables	Ψ <u> </u>	Ψ <u>1/,34/</u>	Ψ <u>1/314/017</u>	Ψ <u>1,030,040</u>

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES - Continued

The notes receivable in the business-type activities consisted of the following at June 30, 2010:

Note receivable made to a local business throught the Community Development Block Grant – Employment Incentive Program. Original amount of note was \$108,000. Payments receivable in monthly installments of \$1,043 over 10 years, Including interest at 3.0%. Collateralized by furniture, fixtures, equipment and personal guarantees of the principals of the company. The note matures April 8, 2020.	\$	106,453
Note receivable made to a local business through the Community Development Block Grant – Employment Incentive Program. Original amount of note was \$76,256. Payments receivable in monthly installments of \$851 over 10 years, including interest at 3%. Collateralized by personal guarantees of the principals of the Company. The note matures February 1, 2020.		73,085
Note receivable made to a local business through the Community Development Block Grant – Employment Incentive Program. Original amount of note was \$160,762. Payments receivable in monthly installments of \$1,552 over 10 years, including interest at 3%. Collateralized by personal guarantees of the principals of the company. The note matures September 1, 2014.		72,876
Note receivable made to a local business through the Community Development Block Grant – Employment Incentive Program. Original amount Of note was \$15,000. Payments receivable in monthly installments of \$270 Over 5 years, including interest at 3%. Collateralized by personal property. The note matures May 20, 2014.		<u> 12,416</u>
Total note receivable		264,830
Less: Current portion	(37,286)
Long-term portion	\$	227,544
At June 30, 2010, scheduled maturities of the notes receivable were the following:		
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 - 2020	\$	37,286 37,928 39,082 40,001 22,509 88,024
Total maturities of note receivable	\$	264,830

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that Interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded, and payment between funds are made.

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2010:

	Interfund	Interfund
Fund	Receivables	Payables
GENERAL FUND	± 40.00=	
Due from SPLOST 2005 Fund	\$ 40,097	\$ -
Due from Confiscated Asset Fund	7,654	-
Due to Debt Service Fund	-	2,317
Due from SPLOST Old Fund	7,619	-
Due from Gas System Fund	2,010	-
Due from Electric System Fund	1,685	-
Due from Water & Sewer System Fund	360,387	-
Due from Revolving Loan Fund	<u> 103,645</u>	
Total General Fund	\$ <u>523,097</u>	\$ <u>2,317</u>
SPLOST 2005 FUND		
Due from General Fund	\$	\$ <u>40,097</u>
Total SPLOST 2005 Fund	\$ -	\$ <u>40,097</u>
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	Ψ	Ψ
Special Revenue Fund		
Confiscated Asset Fund		
Due to General Fund	\$ -	\$ <u>7,654</u>
Due to delicial i una	Ψ	Ψ <u>7,054</u>
Total Confiscated Asset Fund	-	<u> 7,654</u>
Debt Service Fund		
Due from General Fund	<u> 2,317</u>	
Total Debt Service Fund	<u> 2,317</u>	
Capital Project Fund SPLOST Old Fund		
Due to General Fund		<u>7,619</u>
Total SPLOST Old Fund		<u>7,619</u>
Total Other Governmental Funds	\$ <u>2,317</u>	\$ <u>15,273</u>

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND BALANCES - Continued

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
PROPRIETARY FUNDS		
Gas System Fund		
Due to General Fund	\$	\$ <u>2,010</u>
Total Gas System Fund	-	2,010
Electric System Fund		
Due to General Fund	-	<u>1,685</u>
Total Electric System Fund		<u> 1,685</u>
Water & Sewer System Fund		
Due to General Fund	_	<u>360,387</u>
Total Water & Sewer System Fund		360,387
Revolving Loan Fund		
Due to General Fund		<u>103,645</u>
Total Revolving Loan Fund	-	103,645
Total Proprietary Funds	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>467,727</u>

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Following is a summary of changes in the capital assets of governmental activities:

	Balance July 1 2009	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2010
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,616,689	\$ -	\$ - \$	2,616,689
Construction in progress	<u> 14,410</u>		(<u>14,410</u>)	
Subtotal	2,631,099		(14,410)	2,616,689
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	6,348,008	-	_	6,348,008
Infrastructure	8,488,174	52,977	-	8,541,151
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,864,824	2,685	(9,900)	2,857,609
Computer equipment and software	377,866	43,881	(63,981)	357,766
Vehicles	<u>1,507,416</u>	210,890	(113,800)	1,604,506
Subtotal	19,586,288	310,433	(<u>187,681</u>)	19,709,040
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,453,189)	(175,592)	-	(1,628,781)
Infrastructure	(926,655)	(284,041)	-	(1,210,696)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(2,308,577)	(254,382)	9,900	(2,553,059)
Computer equipment and software	(216,808)	(66,161)	63,981	(218,988)
Vehicles	(<u>768,125</u>)	(<u>164,690</u>)	<u>104,267</u>	(<u>828,548</u>)
Subtotal	(5,673,354)	(<u>944,866</u>)	<u> 178,148</u>	(6,440,072)
Net other capital assets	13,912,934	(<u>634,433</u>)	(9,533)	13,268,968
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ <u>16,544,033</u>	\$(<u>634,433</u>)	\$(<u>23,943</u>) \$	15,885,657
Depreciation was charged to functions as follo	ws:			

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	220,612
Public safety		261,177
Public services		345,326
Library		28,619
Parks and recreation		79,522
Planning and development	_	9,610
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ =	944,866

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Following is a summary of changes in the capital assets of business-type activities:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2010
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 319,770	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 319,770
Construction in progress	145,170	<u>1,154,795</u>	<u>-</u>	1,299,965
Subtotal	464,940	1,154,795		1,619,735
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	16,813,570	-	-	16,813,570
Electric system	8,645,779	24,594	-	8,670,373
Gas system	10,601,229	11,170	-	10,612,399
Water and sewer system	18,055,194	220,495	-	18,275,689
Machinery and equipment	2,736,913	161,614	-	2,898,527
Furniture and fixtures	14,625	-	-	14,625
Computer equipment and software	430,838	46,538	(7,617)	469,759
Vehicles	<u>503,821</u>	14,304	(<u>20,158</u>)	<u>497,967</u>
Subtotal	57,801,969	<u>478,715</u>	(27,775)	58,252,909
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(3,836,004)	(438,604)	-	(4,274,608)
Electric system	(2,931,775)		-	(3,214,814)
Gas system	(1,696,944)		-	(2,064,263)
Water and sewer system	(8,860,217)	(616,790)	-	(9,477,007)
Machinery and equipment	(2,221,267)		-	(2,500,507)
Furniture and fixtures	(6,947)	. , ,	-	(8,409)
Computer equipment and software	(209,252)		7,617	(247,508)
Vehicles	(<u>405,849</u>)	(<u>26,303</u>)	20,158	(<u>411,994</u>)
Subtotal	(<u>20,168,255</u>)	(<u>2,058,630</u>)	<u>27,775</u>	(<u>22,199,110</u>)
Net other capital assets	37,633,714	(<u>1,579,915</u>)		36,053,799
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$ <u>38,098,654</u>	\$(<u>425,120</u>)	\$	\$ <u>37,673,534</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:

Gas System \$ 404,547
Electric System 336,343
Water and Sewer System 1,317,740

Total business-type activities depreciation expense \$ 2,058,630

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

COMPONENT UNIT ACTIVITIES

Following is a summary of changes in the capital assets of component unit activities:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2010
COMPONENT UNIT: Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ <u>319,907</u> \$		\$\$	319,907
Subtotal	319,907			319,907
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	595,159	122,200	-	717,359
Park improvements Furniture, fixtures & equipment	78,646 9,600	- 8,746	(9,600)	78,646 8,746
Computer equipment	<u>2,466</u>	6,740 -	(9,600)	2,466
compacer equipment				<u> </u>
Subtotal	<u>685,871</u>	<u>130,946</u>	(<u>9,600</u>)	807,217
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(124,128)	(17,927)	-	(142,055)
Park improvements	(5,898)	(3,932)	-	(9,830)
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	(8,800)	(873)	9,600	(73)
Computer equipment	(<u>535</u>)	(<u>493</u>)	-	(1,028)
Subtotal	(<u>139,361</u>)	(23,225)	9,600	(152,986)
Net other capital assets	<u>546,510</u>	<u>107,721</u>		654,231
Net component unit capital assets	\$ <u>866,417</u> \$	5 <u>107,721</u> \$	\$ \$	974,138
Depreciation was charged to functions as foll	ows:			
Component unit:				
Downtown Development authority	\$	23,225		
Total component unit depreciation expense	\$	23,225		

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Type of Debt	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2010	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental activities: Notes payable Capital lease obligations Compensated absences	\$ 94,363 212,710 161,014	\$ - 238,767 	\$(54,335) (151,688) (17,569)	\$ 40,028 299,789 143,445	\$ 40,028 91,018
Total general long-term debt	\$ <u>468,087</u>	\$ <u>238,767</u>	\$(<u>223,592</u>)	\$ <u>483,262</u>	\$ <u>131,046</u>
Business-type activities: Revenue bonds payable Less: unamortized issue costs, discounts, and	\$ 15,740,000	\$ -	\$(195,000)	\$ 15,545,000	\$ 200,000
premiums	(<u>60,599</u>)	8,617		(51,982)	(8,617)
Revenue bonds payable, net	15,679,401	8,617	(195,000)	15,493,018	191,383
Capital lease obligations Notes payable Compensated absences	3,459,664 - <u>84,052</u>	1,061,681 	(169,085) (743,177) (4,542)	3,290,579 318,504 <u>79,510</u>	176,933 6,171
Total proprietary fund debt	\$ <u>19,223,117</u>	\$ <u>1,070,298</u>	\$(<u>1,111,804</u>)	\$ <u>19,181,611</u>	\$ <u>374,487</u>
Component Unit Notes payable	\$ <u>277,135</u>	\$ <u>345</u>	\$(<u>28,308</u>)	\$ <u>249,172</u>	\$ <u>25,560</u>
Total component unit debt	\$ <u>277,135</u>	\$ <u>345</u>	\$(<u>28,308</u>)	\$ <u>249,172</u>	\$ <u>25,560</u>

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities, amounts to be repaid from business-type activities, and amounts to be repaid from component units.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:

As of June 30, 2010, the governmental long-term debt of the financial reporting entity consisted of the following:

NOTE PAYABLE

Note payable to First Commerce Bank in the original amount of \$40,028 dated June 30, 2010, unsecured, interest rate of 4.00% with final maturity dated June 30, 2011. The note was used to finance the replacement of the City Hall roof.

Total note payable

Current portion
Noncurrent portion
Total note payable

\$ 40,028

\$ 40,028

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: - Continued:

CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The City has financed vehicles and equipment under capital lease agreements. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 23, the capital leases payable and the related assets have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases, which in these cases are \$35,370, \$33,495, \$101,570, \$34,106, \$37,876, and \$200,890. The leases payable were incurred for the lease of vehicles and equipment in the original amounts of \$35,370, \$33,495, \$101,570, \$34,106, \$37,876, and \$200,890. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2010:

June 30, 2011	\$	101,926
June 30, 2012		77,951
June 30, 2013		69,813
June 30, 2014		59,842
June 30, 2015	_	<u>17,054</u>
Total minimum lease payments		326,586
Amount representing interest	(_	<u> 26,797</u>)
Present value of lease obligations for governmental activities		299,789
Less: current maturities	_	91,018
Long-term maturities	\$ _	208,771
Leased assets under capital leases in capital assets at June 30, 2010, include the following:		
Vehicles	\$	405,431
Furniture, fixtures, & equipment	•	37,876
Less: accumulated depreciation	(_	65,199)
Total	\$ _	378,108

Total depreciation expense on the assets for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$38,564. This depreciation is included in the total depreciation expense shown in Note 5.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

City employees are entitled to receive, upon termination of or retirement from employment, all accumulated annual leave as referred to in Note 1. The General Fund has been used to liquidate compensated absences from Governmental Activities in prior years.

Noncurrent portion \$ ___143,445

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:

As of June 30, 2010, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002

On April 8, 2002, the City issued the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002. The bonds bear interest at an average interest rate of 3.77%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal payments on the bonds are due each December 1.

The \$4,230,000 original issue amount of bond proceeds of the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002, along with \$16,603 of accrued interest on those bonds, less \$32,550 of original issue discount on those bonds and \$343,800 from the Sinking Fund Account of the Public Utility Bonds Series 1993, were used as follows:

 \$4,060,701 was deposited in the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002 Refunding Escrow Account to refund \$3,955,000 of the Public Utility Bonds Series 1993 plus \$39,550 in bond premiums.

The City advance refunded the Public Utility Bonds Series 1993 to borrow an additional \$275,000 and to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 19 years by \$226,711. However, because the City advance refunding the bonds, it incurred a loss on the advance refunding as follows:

Reacquisition price of 1993 series bonds Net carrying amount of 1993 series bonds:

\$ 3,955,000 (168,805)

Principal balance Unamortized bond issue cost and bond discounts

3,786,195

\$ 3,994,550

Loss on advance refunding

208,355

- \$16,603 was deposited in the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002 Sinking Fund Account.
- \$348,356 was deposited into the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002 Debt Service Reserve Account.
- The remaining \$132,193 was used to pay issuance costs and other related costs.

As part of the bond ordinance for the 2002 series bonds, the City is required to make monthly cash transfers to the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Refunding Bonds Series 2002 Debt Service Account. The purpose of the debt service account is to pay principal and interest as they become due. As of June 30, 2010, all required transfers have been made to the sinking fund.

The bond ordinance also requires the City to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.20 to 1.00. At June 30, 2010 the City's debt service coverage ratio was .93 to 1.00 leaving the City .27 to 1.00 under the required ratio. The City raised its water and sewer rates in May 2010 with the anticipation that this rate covenant will be in compliance in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - Continued:

REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE - Continued

Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002 - Continued

Also, as part of the bond ordinance, the City has placed into effect a schedule of rates for the Water and Sewerage System and will revise them as necessary to (a) operate and maintain said System on a sound business like basis (b) to make payments into the Sinking Fund equal to 120% of the amounts sufficient to discharge the payment of the principal of and the interest on the Series 2002 Bonds and any future parity issues as the same become due and payable in the then current Sinking Fund Year, (c) to pay an amount equal to 100% of principal of and interest on junior lien obligations, including, but not limited to any loans made by the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority and the State Revolving Fund and any existing loans having a lien on the net revenues of the System, (d) to create and maintain a debt service reserve therefore in the amount as required by the debt service agreement in any proceedings authorizing any such issues of parity bonds, and (e) to create and maintain a reserve for extensions and improvements to the System. At June 30, 2010, the City has complied with these requirements. The City's water and sewerage revenues are used as security for the revenue bonds.

Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2006:

On June 29, 2006, the City issued the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2006. The bonds bear interest at variable rates ranging from 3.625% to 5.00%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal payments on the bonds are due each December 1.

The \$12,770,000 original issue amount of bond proceeds of the City of Commerce, GA Water and Sewerage Revenue and Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 2006, along with a net premium of \$180,787 on those bonds, were used as follows:

- \$1,546,673 was deposited in the Construction Fund.
- \$10,064,218 was paid to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority to prepay outstanding loans.
- \$959,807 was deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Account.
- \$89,390 was retained by the Underwriter as the Bond discount.
- \$123,090 was paid to the Bond Insurer as payment of the premium for the Policy.
- \$167,609 was deposited in the Cost of Issuance Account to pay for Bond issuance costs.

As part of the bond ordinance for the 2006 series bonds, the City is required to make monthly cash transfers to the Debt Service Account. The purpose of the debt service account is to pay principal and interest as they become due. As of June 30, 2010, all required transfers have been made to the sinking fund.

Also, as part of the bond ordinance, the City has placed into effect a schedule of rates for the Water and Sewerage System and will revise them as necessary to (i) maintain and operate the System on a sound business like basis; (ii) to pay an amount equal to 100% of the principal of and interest on junior lien obligations referred to in the Bond Ordinance; (iii) to create and maintain a reserve therefore in the amount as required in the Bond Ordinance or such larger amounts as may be required in any proceedings authorizing such issue or issues of parity bonds; (iv)to make payments into the Sinking Fund equal to at least 120% of the amounts sufficient to discharge the payment of the principal of and the interest on the Series 2002 Bonds and the Series 2006 Bonds and any future parity issues as the same become due and payable in the then current Sinking Fund Year; and (v) to create and maintain a reserve for extensions and improvements to the System. At June 30, 2010, the City has complied with these requirements. The City's water and sewerage revenues are used as security for the revenue bonds.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - Continued:

REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE - Continued

The following is a summary of the maturity of revenue bonds and interest thereon:

Amount of original issue	Revenue Revenue Bonds Bonds Series Series 2002 2006 Total \$ 4,230,000 \$ 12,770,000 \$ 17,000,000
Less: amount redeemed	(<u>1,455,000</u>) <u>- (1,455,000</u>)
Amount outstanding June 30, 2010	2,775,000 12,770,000 15,545,000
Add: unamortized premium Less: unamortized discount Less: unamortized deferred loss on advance refunding	- 147,977 147,977 (17,131) (73,167) (90,298) (109,661) - (109,661)
Net amount outstanding, June 30, 2010	2,648,208 12,844,810 15,493,018
Less: current maturities	<u> 187,321</u>
Long-term maturities	\$ <u>2,460,887</u> \$ <u>12,840,748</u> \$ <u>15,301,635</u>
Year Ending	Total Debt Service <u>Principal Interest Requirements</u>
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016-2020 2021-2025 2026-2029	\$ 200,000 \$ 703,759 \$ 903,759 585,000 688,759 1,273,759 600,000 666,115 1,266,115 630,000 642,075 1,272,075 650,000 616,560 1,266,560 3,675,000 2,639,889 6,314,889 4,625,000 1,657,014 6,282,014 4,580,000 426,787 5,006,787
Totals	\$ <u>15,545,000</u> \$ <u>8,040,958</u> \$ <u>23,585,958</u>

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - Continued:

NOTES PAYABLE

Note payable to Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority in the original amount of \$1,100,000, interest rate of 3.0%, secured by water and sewer system, accrued interest only due January 1, 2011. Draws on the note were \$1,061,681 as of June 30, 2010. The note is 70% forgivable through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Therefore, the note balance is stated At 30% of the original amount. Beginning January 1, 2011 monthly payments of principal and interest in the approximate amount of \$1,860 will be due through December 1, 2030. The note payable is being used for upgrades to the Holiday Inn and Davis House wastewater treatment plants.

nn and Davis House wastewater treatment plants.	\$ <u>318,504</u>

Total notes payable 318,504
Less: current maturities 6,171

Long-term maturities \$ <u>312,333</u>

CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The City has financed the construction of utility infrastructure under capital lease agreements. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 23, the capital lease payable and the related asset has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases, which in this case is \$3,000,000 and \$1,000,000. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under this capital lease, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2010:

June 30, 2011	\$ 324,848
June 30, 2012	324,849
June 30, 2013	324,848
June 30, 2014	324,849
June 30, 2015	324,848
June 30, 2016-2020	1,624,243
June 30, 2021-2025	1,218,033
Total minimum lease payments	4,466,518
Amount representing interest	(<u>1,175,939</u>)
Present value of lease obligations for business-type activities	3,290,579
Less: current maturities	<u>176,933</u>
Long-term maturities	\$ <u>3,113,646</u>

Leased equipment under capital leases in capital assets at June 30, 2010, include the following:

Utility infrastructure	\$ 4,000,000
Less: accumulated depreciation	(<u>441,667</u>)
Total	\$ 3.558.333

Total depreciation expense on the equipment for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$100,000. This depreciation is included in the total depreciation expense shown in note 5.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - Continued:

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

City employees are entitled to receive, upon termination of or retirement from employment, all accumulated annual leave as referred to in Note 1. The Gas System Fund, Electric System Fund, and the Water and Sewer System Fund have been used to liquidate compensated absences from Business-type Activities in prior years.

Noncurrent portion	\$ <u>79,510</u>
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COMPONENT UNIT

Total notes payable

NOTES PAYABLE

Note payable to Community Bank & Trust in the original amount of \$157,332 dated October 19, 2009, secured by land, interest rate of 6.00% with final maturity dated October 19, 2011. The note payable was used to to finance the purchase of land.

Note payable to Northeast Georgia Bank in the original amount of \$91,840 dated December 11, 2009, secured by building and land, interest rate of 6.00% with maturity dated December 1, 2011. The note payable was used to finance the purchase of a building and land.

91,840

Current portion	\$	25,560
Noncurrent portion	2	23,612

249,172

Total note payable \$ <u>249,172</u>

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2010, are as follows:

NOTES PAYABLE

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	P	rincipal]	Interest		Total
2011	\$	40,028	\$	1,601	\$	6,171	\$	4,995	\$	52,795
2012		-		-		12,623		9,709		22,332
2013		-		-		13,007		9,325		22,332
2014		-		-		13,403		8,929		22,332
2015		-		-		13,810		8,522		22,332
2016-2020		-		-		75,613		36,047		111,660
2021-2025		-		-		87,834		23,826		111,660
2026-2030	_	-			_	<u>96,043</u>	_	<u>4,452</u>	_	100,495
Total	\$ _	40,028	\$	1,601	\$ _	318,504	\$	105,805	\$ _	465,938

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - Continued

NOTES PAYABLE - Continued

		Compon					
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
2011 2012	\$ _	25,560 223,612	\$	14,950 13,417	\$ _	40,510 237,029	
Total	\$_	249,172	\$ _	28,367	\$ _	277,539	

CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

		<u>Sovernment</u>	<u>al Acti</u>	<u>vities </u>	Business-type Activities					
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest			Total
2011	\$	91,018	\$	10,909	\$	176,933	\$	147,915	\$	426,775
2012		70,411		7,540		184,860		139,989		402,800
2013		64,846		4,967		193,760		131,088		394,661
2014		57,148		2,694		202,786		122,062		384,690
2015		16,366		687		212,233		112,616		341,902
2016-2020		-		-		1,218,631		405,612		1,624,243
2021-2025	_				-	<u>1,101,376</u>	_	<u> 116,657</u>	_	1,218,033
Total	\$ _	299,789	\$	26,797	\$ _	3,290,579	\$ _	1,175,939	\$ _	4,793,104

REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

	Dusiness type Activities					
Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest			Total		
2011	\$	200,000	\$	703,759	\$	903,759
2012		585,000		688,759		1,273,759
2013		600,000		666,115		1,266,115
2014		630,000		642,075		1,272,075
2015		650,000		616,560		1,266,560
2015-2019		3,675,000		2,639,889		6,314,889
2020-2024		4,625,000		1,657,014		6,282,014
2025-2029	_	<u>4,580,000</u>	_	426,787	_	5,006,787
Total	\$ <u>1</u>	<u>.5,545,000</u>	\$ _	8,040,958	\$ _	<u>23,585,958</u>

Business-type Activities

CONDUIT DEBT

COMPONENT UNIT

The Downtown Development Authority has issued multiple limited recourse promissory notes to provide financial assistance to local businesses for the purpose of financing capital improvements to the businesses property. The promissory notes are secured by the property financed and are payable by the revenues of the projects. The DDA is not obligated for the repayment of the notes. The DDA merely served as an intermediary to assist the local businesses in obtaining financing for its capital improvements. Accordingly, the notes are not reported as liabilities in these financial statements.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

NOTE / INTERCOND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES		Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund:	•		
Electric System Fund	\$	340,880	\$ -
Gas System Fund	т	700,000	-
Fire District Fund		173,642	_
Confiscated Assets Fund		34,136	_
Debt Service Fund	-		<u> 185,308</u>
Total General Fund		1,248,658	<u> 185,308</u>
Confiscated Assets Fund			
General Fund	-		<u>34,136</u>
Total Confiscated Assets Fund	-		<u>34,136</u>
Fire District Fund:			
General Fund			<u>173,642</u>
Total Fire District Fund			173,642
Debt Service Fund:			
General Fund		185,308	-
Gas System Fund		11,023	-
Electric System Fund		11,007	-
Water and Sewer System Fund	•	10,966	
Total Debt Service Fund		218,304	
Enterprise Funds:			
Gas System Fund:			
General Fund		-	700,000
Debt Service Fund		-	11,023
Electric System Fund:			
General Fund		-	340,880
Debt Service Fund		-	11,007
Water and Sewer System Fund:			
Debt Service Fund	-	-	10,966
Total Enterprise Funds	-		<u>1,073,876</u>
Totals	\$	1,466,962	\$ <u>1,466,962</u>

Transfers are primarily used to move funds from:

- > The proprietary funds to the General Fund for an allocated amount of information technology services and salaries and wages and related costs of personnel who perform administrative services.
- > The Fire District Fund to subsidize the operations of the Fire Department.
- > Between the General Fund and Debt Service Fund to fund payments of debt service.
- > Between the Proprietary Funds and Debt Service Fund to fund payments of debt service.
- > Between the Confiscated Assets Fund and the General Fund to fund payments of debt service.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES- Continued

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City made transfers of \$185,308 from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for the net amount of debt borrowings over debt service payments. In addition, the City made transfers of \$173,642 from the Fire District Fund to the General Fund to subsidize Fire Department operations. The City made transfers of \$11,023, \$11,007, and \$10,966 from the Gas System, Electric System, and Water and Sewer System Funds to assist in repayment of debt service. The City also made transfers of \$700,000 from the Gas System Fund and \$340,880 from the Electric System Fund to subsidize information technology services and salaries and wages and related costs of personnel who perform administrative services. Additionally, the City made transfers of \$34,136 from the Confiscated Assets Fund to the General Fund to assist in the repayment of debt service.

NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED GOVERNMENT-WIDE ASSETS

Governmental activities

Restricted assets are composed of the following at June 30, 2010:

	Cash	Total
SPLOST 2005 Account	\$ 2,808,688	\$ 2,808,688
Confiscated Asset Accounts	193,206	193,206
Library Expansion Fund Account	97,947	97,947
SPLOST Old Roads and Bridges Account	<u>55,228</u>	55,228
Total	\$ <u>3,155,069</u>	\$ <u>3,155,069</u>

Business-type activities

Restricted assets are composed of the following at June 30, 2010:

	Cash	<u>Investments</u>		Total
Municipal Competitive Trust Reserve Funded Debt Account	\$ -	\$ 1,923,693	\$ 1	,923,693
Municipal Competitive Trust Credit Support Operating Account	-	1,687,622	1	,687,622
Water & Sewerage Bonds Debt Service Reserve Account	106,796	1,296,570	1	,403,366
2006 Water and Sewerage Bonds Construction Account	941,161	-		941,161
Municipal Competitive Trust Generation Trust Account	-	310,801		310,801
Water & Sewerage Bonds Debt Service Account	89,631	174,840		264,471
Revolving Loan Fund Account	244,576	-		244,576
Customer Deposits	214,244	-		214,244
Retainage Account	<u>36,570</u>			36,570
Total	\$ <u>1,632,978</u>	\$ <u>5,393,526</u>	\$ <u>7</u>	,026,504

NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED FUND ASSETS

Governmental funds

Restricted assets are composed of the following at June 30, 2010:

	Cash	<u>Total</u>
2005 SPLOST Fund		
2005 SPLOST Account	\$ <u>2,808,688</u>	\$ <u>2,808,688</u>
Total 2005 SPLOST Fund	2,808,688	2,808,688
Confiscated Assets Fund		
Federal Confiscations Account	146,463	146,463
State Confiscations Account	29,657	29,657
Safekeeping Account	<u> 17,086</u>	<u> 17,086</u>
Total Confiscated Assets Fund	<u>193,206</u>	<u>193,206</u>
SPLOST Old Fund		
SPLOST Roads and Bridges Account	<u>55,228</u>	<u>55,228</u>
Total SPLOST Old Fund	<u>55,228</u>	55,228
Library Expansion Fund		
Library Expansion Fund Account	97,947	97,947
Total Library Expansion Fund	97,947	97,947
Total Governmental funds	\$ <u>3,155,069</u>	\$ <u>3,155,069</u>

NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED FUND ASSETS - Continued

Proprietary Funds

Restricted assets are composed of the following at June 30, 2010:

		Cash	Investments	_	Total
Gas System					
Customer Deposits	\$	66,413	\$ <u> </u>	\$	66,413
Total Gas System		66,413		_	66,413
Electric System					
Municipal Competitive Trust Reserve Funded Debt Ac	count	-	1,923,693		1,923,693
Municipal Competitive Trust Credit Support Operating		-	1,687,622		1,687,622
Municipal Competitive Trust Generation Trust Accoun	t	-	310,801		310,801
Customer Deposits		<u>96,247</u>	-		<u>96,247</u>
Total Electric System		96,247	3,922,116	_	<u>4,018,363</u>
Water and Sewer System					
Water & Sewerage Bonds Debt Service Reserve Acct		106,796	1,296,570		1,403,366
2006 Water & Sewerage Bonds Construction Account		941,161	-		941,161
Water & Sewerage Bonds Debt Service Account		89,631	174,840		264,471
Customer Deposits		51,584	<u>-</u>		51,584
Retainage Account		36,570		_	36,570
Total Water and Sewer System	<u>1,</u>	,225,742	1,471,410	_	<u>2,697,152</u>
Revolving Loan Fund Account		<u>244,576</u>		_	244,576
Total Revolving Loan Fund		<u>244,576</u>		_	<u> 244,576</u>
Total	\$ <u> 1</u> ,	<u>,632,978</u>	\$ <u>5,393,526</u>	\$	<u>7,026,504</u>
NOTE 10 - LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM GOVERNMENT-W	VIDE RESTRI	CTED ASSE	TS:		
Governmental activities					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets are composed of	of the followi	ing at June	30 2010:		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets are composed t	i the followi	ing at June	30, 2010.		
Due to other funds				\$	55,370
Deferred revenue pending court					12,611
Total				\$	67,981
Business-type activities					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets are composed of	of the followi	ing at June	30, 2010:		
Postion of 2006 Water and Conserve Possess Possess			-L		044 464
Portion of 2006 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds Par		isea for con	Struction	\$	941,161
Current Portion of 2002 Water and Sewerage Revenue B	onus				200,000 214,244
Customer Deposits General Fund advances for Employment Incentive Progra	am dishursa.	monte			103,645
Accrued Interest on 2006 and 2006 Water and Sewer Re					58,975
	venue bonds	>			58,975 <u>36,570</u>
Retainage payable for GEFA note				_	30,370
Total) _			\$	<u>1,554,595</u>

NOTE 11 - RESERVED FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS

The City maintains reserves in various funds for specific purposes or as required by bond ordinances. The nature and purpose of these reserves is as follows:

Governmental Funds

Reserves of \$2,986,538 have been provided in the 2005 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund for capital projects related to water and sewer projects, roads and bridges, recreation, and library.

A reserve of \$52,171 has been provided in the General Fund for prepaid items.

A reserve of \$10,000 has been provided for maintenance at the cemetery in the General Fund.

A reserve of \$172,941 has been provided for public safety relating to the Confiscated Assets Fund.

A reserve of \$81,463 has been provided for public safety relating to the Fire District Fund.

Reserves of \$47,609 have been provided in the SPLOST Old Capital Projects Fund for capital projects related to road and bridge projects.

Reserves of \$97,947 have been provided in the Library Expansion Fund for funding of the expansion of the City's library.

Proprietary Funds

Reserves of \$3,922,116 have been provided in the Electric System Fund for restricted assets that are required to be used for the Municipal Competitive Trust Agreement with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia.

Reserves of \$1,408,862 have been provided in the Water and Sewer System Fund for restricted assets that are required to be used for debt service.

A reserve of \$140,931 has been provided for the Employment Incentive Program Revolving Loan Fund.

NOTE 12 - RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Restricted net assets are comprised of the following at June 30, 2010:

Restricted for:

Capital projects	\$ 2,914,147
Public Safety	<u> 172,941</u>

Total net assets restricted for governmental activities \$_3,087,088

Business-type Activities

Restricted net assets are comprised of the following at June 30, 2010:

Restricted for:

estricted for.	
Debt service	\$ 1,408,862
Municipal Competitive Trust Agreement	3,922,116
Employment Incentive Program Revolving Loan	140,931

Total net assets restricted for business-type activities \$<u>5,471,909</u>

NOTE 13 - PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Business-type Activities

At June 30, 2009, restricted investments were understated by \$10,573 due to an error on the investment statements from the Municipal Competitive Trust Accounts. The custodian of the Municipal Competitive Trust Accounts issued corrected statements for the prior year after the issuance of the prior year audit report. The net result of this adjustment was an increase in restricted net assets for restricted assets at the beginning of the year in the amount of \$10,573.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Electric System Fund

At June 30, 2009, restricted investments were understated by \$10,573 due to an error on the investment statements from the Municipal Competitive Trust Accounts. The custodian of the Municipal Competitive Trust Accounts issued corrected statements for the prior year after the issuance of the prior year audit report. The net result of this adjustment was an increase in fund net assets restricted for restricted assets at the beginning of the year in the amount of \$10,573.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan, City of Commerce Retirement Plan ("CRP"), provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CRP plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System ("GMEBS"), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The Georgia Municipal Association assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in GMEBS to the respective employer entities; for CRP, that authority rests with the City of Commerce. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by written request to Georgia Municipal Association, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Funding Policy

CRP members are not required and do not contribute to CRP. CRP is a noncontributory plan. The City is required to contribute 100% of the amount necessary to fund CRP at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 8.28% of covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the GMEBS Board of Trustees.

The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution each year. The recommended contribution meets the guidelines for calculating an annual required contribution set forth in Paragraphs 9-10 of Statement No. 27. These contributions are determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method for developing the actuarial value of assets. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1982 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Annual Pension Cost

For the current year, the City's annual pension cost of \$300,606 for CRP was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2010 actuarial valuation based on the projected unit credit actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method for developing the actuarial value of assets. The actuarial assumptions included the following:

Rate of return on investment

7.75% per year

· Projected salary increases

3.50% per year plus age and service based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments

3.50% per year

Three-Year Trend Information for CRP

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation
06/30/08	\$270,138	100%	\$0
06/30/09	\$576,418	100%	\$0
06/30/10	\$300,606	100%	\$0

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress for CRP

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) – Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
03/01/08	\$5,533,143	\$5,832,910	\$299,767	94.86%	\$3,284,665	9.13%
03/01/09	\$5,331,187	\$7,419,039	\$2,087,852	71.86%	\$3,554,710	58.73%
01/01/10	\$6.842.600	\$6.976.340	\$133,740	98.08%	\$3.569.712	3.75%

The schedule of funding progress for CRP presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

Effect of Plan Changes on the Actuarial Accrued Liability

The plan provisions valued and the actuarial assumptions were changed in this valuation. The mortality table for healthy participants was changed from the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table without Margin to the sex-distinct RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table set forward two years ago for males and one year in age for females. The Mortality table for disabled participants was changed from the 1944 Railroad Board Male Ultimate Disabled Mortality to the sex-distinct RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward two years in age for males and one year in age for females.

Effect of Plan Changes on Recommended Contributions

The plan provisions valued and the actuarial assumptions and cost methods were changed in this valuation. The salary increase assumption was changed from 5.50% each year to a table of rates based on age and service. The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00% to 7.75% per annum. The inflation and COLA assumptions were changed from 5.00% to 3.50%. The valuation date was changed from March 1 to January 1. The asset method was changed to temporarily widen the corridor.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Method Used to Determine the Actuarial Value of Assets

Sum of the actuarial value at the beginning of year and the cash flow during year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 50% of market value for 2009, 44% of market value for 2010, 38% of market value for 2011, 32% of market value for 2012, 26% of market value for 2013, and 20% of market value for 2014 and later years.

NOTE 15 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City is a participant in the Georgia Municipal Association 401 (a) Defined Contribution Plan. The Georgia Municipal Association administers the plan. The City must abide by the terms of the plan and the trust made by the Trustees of the plan. The City may terminate its participation in the plan if it adopts a resolution terminating its participation in the plan, and the resolution must specify when the participation will end. Currently, the only eligible employee to participate in the plan is the City Manager. The City makes all contributions to the plan, and the employee participant makes no contributions. The City may amend its contribution requirements by submitting a resolution and adoption agreement to the Trustees for Trustee approval. The City contributed \$14,279 to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2010.

NOTE 16 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation plan is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergencies.

In accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, plan assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the deferred compensation plans are not included in the accompanying primary government financial statements.

NOTE 17 - EXCESS EXPENDITURES OR EXPENSES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The City had no expenditures over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2010.

NOTE 18 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS

The City had no deficit fund balances/net assets at June 30, 2010.

NOTE 19 - LITIGATION

The City is a party to legal proceedings, which normally occur, in governmental operations. It is the opinion of the City attorney that these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the City, and accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

NOTE 20 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City has Potential Liability under MEAG and MGAG Contracts as follows:

Electrical System

The City has entered into Power Sales Contracts with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia ("MEAG") pursuant to which the City purchases electric power and energy for resale to its customers. MEAG was created by the State of Georgia for the purpose of owning and operating electric generation and transmission facilities to supply bulk electric power to political subdivisions of Georgia which owned and operated electric distribution systems as of March 18, 1975.

Under the terms of its Power Sales Contracts with MEAG, the City is obligated to take from MEAG, and MEAG is obligated to provide, all electric power and energy required by the City in excess of the amount received by the City as an allotment from federally owned projects through the Southeastern Power Administration ("SEPA"). An allotment of SEPA power has been assigned by the City to MEAG and is transmitted to the City by MEAG through Georgia's Integrated Transmission System for a separate charge. Under its Power Sales Contracts with MEAG, the City has the right to receive additional power as needed from the Integrated Transmission System.

The price paid by the City to MEAG under its Power Sales Contracts is intended to cover the City's share of all the costs of MEAG, including debt service on MEAG's long-term debt. The amounts required to be paid to MEAG under the Power Sales Contracts are payable first from revenues of the City's electrical system. To the extent the required payments are not made from revenues of the City's electric system or other funds, the City is required to include in its general revenue or appropriation measure or annual tax levy amounts sufficient to make such payments. Payments by the City are required to be made by the City whether or not MEAG's facilities or any part thereof are operating or operable or the output therefrom is interrupted, interfered with, curtailed or terminated in whole or in part. In addition, the City may be obligated to purchase additional power, subject to contractual limitations, in the event other MEAG participants default.

The City is contingently liable for \$53,242,320 of MEAG Power's principal bonds outstanding at June 30, 2010 in the event of default by MEAG Power.

Gas System

The City has entered into the Gas Supply Contract and certain Supplemental Gas Supply Contracts with the Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia ("MGAG") under which the City buys natural gas for resale to its customers. Under such contracts with MGAG, the City is obligated to take from MGAG, and MGAG is obligated to provide, all of the City's natural gas requirements. The price paid by the City to MGAG under its contracts is intended to cover the City's share of all the costs of MGAG, including scheduled debt service of MGAG. Such payments are required to be made by the City whether or not the MGAG's facilities or natural gas properties or any part thereof are operating or operable or the output therefrom is interrupted, interfered with, curtailed or terminated in whole or in part, or whether or not any of its natural gas suppliers or transporters defaults in its obligations under its gas supply or transportation contracts with MGAG. To the extent the required payments are not made from the revenues of the System or other funds, the City is required to include in its general revenue or appropriation measure or annual tax levy amounts sufficient to make such payments. The City is contingently liable for \$9,127,491 of MGAG's outstanding debt at June 30, 2010 in the event of default by MGAG.

Water and Sewer System

Subsequent to year end, the City was approved for a Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) loan of \$575,000 and a CWSRF subsidy of \$287,500 for improvements to the water and sewer system. The loan will be used to purchase leak equipment and replace meters.

Subsequent to year end, the City was awarded a \$500,000 Community Development Block Grant for the purpose of rehabilitating the sewer collection system serving two low and moderate income neighborhoods. The project is to eliminate sewer overflow and backup in the neighborhoods. The City is required to match \$103,004 of the project.

NOTE 20 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - Continued

Component Unit

The City could be considered a responsible party for two notes payable incurred by the Downtown Development Authority in the event that the DDA does not repay the notes. A City Council Member signed the notes, therefore, the possibility exists that the City could be responsible for the repayment of these debts. The total balances of the notes payable were \$249,172, at June 30, 2010.

NOTE 21 - OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The City leases office equipment under capital leases. Future minimum rental commitments for equipment operating leases as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	<u>,</u>	General <u>Fund</u>		
2011	\$	4,152	\$	1,788
2012	·	-		1,788
2013			_	1,490
Total	\$ =	4,152	\$	5,066

Total rent expenditures under these operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2010 was \$4,152 for the General Fund and \$298 for the Downtown Development Authority Component Unit.

NOTE 22 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) for property and liability insurance and the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (WCSIF), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance program for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) administers both risk pools.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the Government within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

NOTE 23 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City of Commerce Housing Authority is a related organization of the City. The Housing Authority provides safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations for persons of low income. The City appoints a voting majority of the Housing Authority's board, but is not financially accountable for the Authority. The City has no significant influence over the management, budget, or policies of the Housing Authority. The Authority reports independently. The City received \$3,380 for payment in lieu of taxes from the Housing Authority for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The Commerce Civic Center and Tourism Authority is a related organization of the City. The Civic Center and Tourism Authority was formed to acquire, construct, improve, equip, alter, repair, operate, and maintain public projects in the City of Commerce, embracing buildings and facilities to be used for amusement, recreational, civic, cultural, and educational purposes. The City is currently holding a bank account for the Civic Center and Tourism Authority as a reserve account for improvements to be made for the Civic Center building. At June 30, 2010 the City was holding \$72,305, in cash payable to the Civic Center and Tourism Authority, which has been reflected as a related party payable in the General Fund.

NOTE 24 - JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Northeast Regional Development Center ("NRDC"). The City paid \$5,636 in annual dues to NRDC. Membership in a Regional Development Center ("RDC") is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Northeast Regional Development Center, 305 Research Drive, Athens, GA 30601.

NOTE 25 - GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 26 - SPLOST OLD

The City has entered into an agreement with Jackson County to adopt a 1 percent local option sales tax. The proceeds of the sales tax are to be used for: roads, streets and bridges, water and sewer capital outlay, and recreational capital outlay.

The following is a schedule of the activity relating to the SPLOST Old tax for the year ending June 30, 2010:

	Water and <u>Sewer</u>	Roads, Streets, and <u>Bridges</u>	Recreation	Total
Gross Special Sales Tax	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> - </u>	\$ <u> - </u>
Project Expenditures Capital expenditures		(<u>19,517</u>)		(<u>19,517</u>)
Total Project Expenditures		(<u>19,517</u>)		(<u>19,517</u>)
Net (over) under expended for year ended June 30, 2010	-	(19,517)	-	(19,517)
Investment return		<u> 127</u>		<u> 127</u>
Net changes in fund balances		(19,390)	-	(19,390)
Fund balance - July 1, 2009		66,999		66,999
Fund balance - June 30, 2010	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>47,609</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>47,609</u>

NOTE 27 - SPLOST 2005

The City has entered into an agreement with Jackson County to adopt a 1 percent local option sales tax. The proceeds of the sales tax are to be used for: roads, streets and bridges, water and sewer capital outlay, and recreational capital outlay.

The following is a schedule of the activity relating to the SPLOST 2005 for the year ending June 30, 2010:

	Water and <u>Sewer</u>	Roads, Streets, and <u>Bridges</u>	<u>Recreation</u>	<u>Library</u>	Total
Gross Special Sales Tax	\$ <u>598,305</u>	\$ <u>188,038</u>	\$ <u>34,189</u>	\$ <u>34,189</u>	\$ <u>854,721</u>
Project Expenditures Capital expenditures	<u>290,787</u>		<u> 2,685</u>		<u>293,472</u>
Total Project Expenditures	290,787		<u>2,685</u>		293,472
Net (over) under expended for year ended June 30, 2010	r 307,518	188,038	31,504	34,189	561,249
Investment return	<u>35,020</u>	11,007	2,001	2,001	50,029
Net changes in fund balances	342,538	199,045	33,505	36,190	611,278
Fund balance - July 1, 2009	<u>1,497,836</u>	<u>847,531</u>	41,947	(<u>12,054</u>)	<u>2,375,260</u>
Fund balance - June 30, 2010	\$ <u>1,840,374</u>	\$ <u>1,046,576</u>	\$ <u>75,452</u>	\$ <u>24,136</u>	\$ <u>2,986,538</u>

NOTE 28 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE

The solid waste landfill located at the end of MLK Drive was closed in the early 1980s. During that time, the City took corrective action at the closed landfill site by covering the site with a layer of dirt to stabilize it. The site has been stabilized since that time. The City now uses the site as an area to grind yard waste into mulch. The City keeps the site locked, and has no other plans for the site.

There is no recognition of a liability for closure and postclosure care costs based on landfill capacity used to date. The percentage of landfill capacity used to date is 100%, and it has an estimated remaining landfill life of zero years. There is no reported liability for closure and postclosure care at the balance sheet date. There is no estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care remaining to be recognized. There are no assets restricted for payment of closure and postclosure care costs. Per City officials, the City will maintain the landfill site as an area to grind yard waste into mulch for the foreseeable future, and the City is not aware of any proposed changes in EPD legislation or regulations.

REQUIRED AND OTHER SUPPLE	EMENTARY INFORMATION	



CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		SPECIAL REVENUE			CAPITAL PROJECTS							
	C	onfiscated		Fire		Debt		SPLOST		Library		
		Assets		District		Service		Old		xpansion		Totals
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	81,463	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81,463
Due from other funds		-		-		2,317		-		-		2,317
Restricted cash and investments	_	<u>193,206</u>	_				_	55,228	_	97,947	-	346,381
Total assets	\$ =	193,206	\$ _	81,463	\$_	2,317	\$ _	55,228	\$ _	97,947	\$ ₌	430,161
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,317	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,317
Deferred revenue		12,611		-		-		-		-		12,611
Due to other funds	_	<u>7,654</u>	_				_	7,619			-	<u> 15,273</u>
Total liabilities	_	20,265	_		_	2,317	_	7,619	_		_	30,201
Fund balances:												
Reserved for:												
Capital projects		-		-		-		47,609		97,947		145,556
Public safety	_	<u> 172,941</u>	_	<u>81,463</u>			_		_		-	<u> 254,404</u>
Total fund balances	_	172,941	_	81,463	_		_	47,609	_	97,947	_	399,960
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ =	193,206	\$ _	81,463	\$	2,317	\$ _	55,228	\$ _	97,947	\$ _	430,161

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	SPECIA	SPECIAL REVENUE		CAPITAL PROJECTS			
	Confiscated Assets	Fire <u>District</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	SPLOST Old	Library Expansion	Totals	
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 207,118	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 207,118	
Fines & forfeitures	33,334	-	-	-	-	33,334	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	12,813	12,813	
Investment return	<u>2,524</u>			<u> 127</u>	<u>1,173</u>	<u> 3,824</u>	
Total revenues	<u>35,858</u>	207,118		127	13,986	257,089	
EXPENDITURES							
Current operating							
Public safety	29,770	-	-	-	-	29,770	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	19,517	725	20,242	
Debt Service							
Principal	-	-	206,022	-	-	206,022	
Interest	<u> </u>		12,282			<u>12,282</u>	
Total expenditures	<u>29,770</u>		218,304	<u>19,517</u>	<u>725</u>	<u>268,316</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	6,088	207,118	(<u>218,304</u>)	(<u>19,390</u>)	<u>13,261</u>	(<u>11,227</u>)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-	-	218,304	-	-	218,304	
Transfers out	(<u>34,136</u>)	(<u>173,642</u>)	<u> </u>			(<u>207,778</u>)	
Net other financing sources (uses)	(<u>34,136</u>)	(<u>173,642</u>)	218,304			10,526	
Net changes in fund balances	(28,048)	33,476	-	(19,390)	13,261	(701)	
Fund balance - beginning of year	200,989	47,987		66,999	<u>84,686</u>	400,661	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ <u>172,941</u>	\$ <u>81,463</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>47,609</u>	\$ <u>97,747</u>	\$ <u>399,960</u>	

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

_	Confiscated Assets Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final budget Over (Under)			
REVENUES Fines & forfeitures	\$ 160,00	0 \$ 160,000	\$ 33,334	¢(126.666)			
Investment return	\$ 160,00 5,00		\$ 33,334 2,524	\$(126,666) (2,476)			
Total revenues before budgeted surplus carryover	165,00		35,858	(129,142)			
Budgeted surplus carryover	199,57	<u>199,578</u>	<u>199,578</u>				
Total revenues and budgeted surplus Carryover	<u>364,57</u>	8 364,578	235,436	(<u>129,142</u>)			
EXPENDITURES Current operating Public safety	329,57	<u>329,578</u>	<u>29,770</u>	<u>299,808</u>			
Total expenditures	329,57	8 329,578	29,770	299,808			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under expenditures (budgetary basis)	r) 35,00	0 35,000	205,666	170,666			
Adjustments To adjust for budgeted surplus carryove	r <u> </u>		(<u>199,578</u>)	(<u>199,578</u>)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under expenditures (GAAP basis)	r) 35,00	0 35,000	6,088	(28,912)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(35,00	<u>0</u>) (<u>35,000</u>)	(<u>34,136</u>)	<u>864</u>			
Net other financing sources (uses)	(35,00	<u>0</u>) (<u>35,000</u>)	(<u>34,136</u>)	<u>864</u>			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(28,048)	(28,048)			
Fund balance - beginning of year	200,98	9 200,989	200,989				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ <u>200,98</u>	<u>9</u> \$ <u>200,989</u>	\$ <u>172,941</u>	\$(<u>28,048</u>)			

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – FIRE DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Fire District Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final budget Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ <u>190,000</u>	\$ <u>190,000</u>	\$ <u>207,118</u>	\$ <u>17,118</u>
Total revenues	190,000	190,000	207,118	<u>17,118</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating				
Total expenditures				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	190,000	190,000	207,118	17,118
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(<u>241,171</u>)	(241,171)	(<u>173,642</u>)	67,529
Net other financing sources (uses)	(<u>241,171</u>)	(241,171)	(<u>173,642</u>)	67,529
Net change in fund balance	(51,171)	(51,171)	33,476	84,647
Fund balance - beginning of year	47,987	47,987	47,987	
Fund balance - end of year	\$(<u>3,184</u>)	\$(<u>3,184</u>)	\$ <u>81,463</u>	\$ <u>84,647</u>

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Debt Service Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final budget Over (Under)
REVENUES	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u> </u>
Total revenues				
EXPENDITURES Debt Service				
Principal	166,297	209,085	206,022	3,063
Interest	12,282	12,282	12,282	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	<u> 178,579</u>	<u>221,367</u>	218,304	<u>3,063</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(<u>178,579</u>)	(221,367)	(<u>218,304</u>)	3,063
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	<u> 178,579</u>	221,367	218,304	(3,063)
Net other financing sources (uses)	<u> 178,579</u>	221,367	218,304	(3,063)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance - beginning of year				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$ <u> </u>

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPLOST OLD FUND FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	SPLOST Old Fund			
	Prior <u>Years</u>	Current <u>Year</u>	Total to Date	Original Amount Authorized
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,825,369	\$ -	\$ 6,825,369	\$ 7,916,243
Investment return	374,722	127	374,849	<u> </u>
Total revenues	7,200,091	127	7,200,218	7,916,243
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating				
Public safety	10	-	10	-
Capital outlay	<u>7,133,082</u>	<u> 19,517</u>	<u>7,152,599</u>	<u>7,916,243</u>
Total expenditures	7,133,092	19,517	7,152,609	7,916,243
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>66,999</u>	(19,390)	\$ <u>47,609</u>	\$
Fund balance - beginning of year		66,999		
Fund balance - end of year		\$ <u>47,609</u>		

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – LIBRARY EXPANSION FUND FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Library Expansion Fund							
	Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		Original Amount Authorized	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	82,768	\$	12,813	\$	95,581	\$	82,015
Investment return	_	<u> 1,918</u>	_	1,173	_	<u>3,091</u>		
Total revenues	_	84,686		13,986	_	<u>98,675</u>	_	82 <u>,015</u>
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	_			<u>725</u>		<u>725</u>		82,015
Total expenditures	_			725	_	<u>725</u>	_	82,015
Net change in fund balance	\$ =	84,686		13,261	\$	97,947	\$	
Fund balance - beginning of year				84,686				
Fund balance - end of year			\$	97,747				

NOTE: The budgetary basis of accounting used is modified accrual.

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT LENGTH BUDGET MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2005 SPLOST FUND FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	2005 SPLOST Fund						
	Prior <u>Years</u>	Current Year	Total to Date	Original Amount Authorized			
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,732,339	\$ 854,721	\$ 4,587,060	\$ 5,126,536			
Investment return	<u>120,406</u>	50,029	<u>170,435</u>				
Total revenues	<u>3,852,745</u>	904,750	4,757,495	5,126,536			
EXPENDITURES							
Current operating							
Public services	135	-	135	-			
Recreation	4	-	4	-			
Library	4	-	4	-			
Capital outlay	<u>1,477,342</u>	<u>293,472</u>	1,770,814	<u>5,126,536</u>			
Total expenditures	<u>1,477,485</u>	<u>293,473</u>	1,770,957	<u>5,126,536</u>			
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>2,375,260</u>	611,278	\$ <u>2,986,538</u>	\$			
Fund balance - beginning of year		2,375,260					
Fund balance - end of year		\$ <u>2,986,538</u>					

NOTE: The budgetary basis of accounting used is modified accrual.

REPORTS AND SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND OMB CIRCULAR A-133

WILCOX & BIVINGS, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

4485 Tench Road, Suite 1320 Suwanee, GA 30024 Phone: 770-904-0419 Fax: 770-904-5299

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Commerce, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Commerce, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of Commerce, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Commerce, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Commerce, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Commerce, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Commerce, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wilcox & Bivings, P.C.

Suwanee, Georgia October 27, 2010

WILCOX & BIVINGS, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

4485 Tench Road, Suite 1320 Suwanee, GA 30024 Phone: 770-904-0419 Fax: 770-904-5299

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Commerce, Georgia

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Commerce, Georgia with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The City of Commerce, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Commerce, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Commerce, Georgia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Commerce, Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Commerce, Georgia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Commerce, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Commerce, Georgia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Commerce, Georgia's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Commerce, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Commerce, Georgia

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wilcox & Bivings, P.C.

Suwanee, Georgia October 27, 2010

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantors Number	Expenditures
United States Environmental Protection Agency/ Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority/ ARRA - Capitalization Grant for Clean Water			
State Revolving Fund	66.458	CWSRF 09-037	\$ 1,061,681
United States Department of Housing and Development/ State of Georgia Department of Community Affairs/ State Community Development Block Grant Program			
For Non-Entitlement Communities	14.219	N/A	184,256
United States Department of Agriculture/ Rural Business Enterprise Grant	10.769	09-CIBC-001	70,000
Total Federal Awards Expended			\$ <u>1,315,937</u>

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Commerce, Georgia and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA AUDITORS' SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued - unqualified opinion on primary government.

Internal control over financial reporting:

- No material weaknesses identified.
- No significant deficiencies identified.
- No noncompliance material to financial statements noted.

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- No material weaknesses identified.
- No significant deficiencies identified.

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs - unqualified.

No audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section 510(a).

Identification of major programs:

 United States Environmental Protection Agency/ Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority/ ARRA - Capitalization Grant for State Revolving Fund.

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs - \$300,000

Auditee does not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

- No matters reported.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

- No matters reported.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

There were no material weaknesses, significant deficiencies, items of noncompliance or questioned costs noted in the audit for the year ended June 30, 2009 that are required to be reported on for the year ending June 30, 2010.

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA P.O. BOX 348 COMMERCE, GA 30529-0006 706-335-3164

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

As there were no matters reported in the Auditors' Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs or the Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings, there are no corrective actions required.



CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS SPLOST OLD

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Estimate Amount	Amount Expended In Prior Year	Amount Expended In Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
PROJECTS					
Water and Sewer System Improvements	\$ 6,160,500	\$ 5,187,158	\$ -	\$ 5,187,158	100%
Road and Bridge Improvements	1,416,915	1,554,712	19,517	1,574,229	100%
Recreation Improvements	338,828	391,212		391,212	100%
Totals	\$ <u>7,916,243</u>	\$ <u>7,133,082</u>	\$ <u>19,517</u>	\$ <u>7,152,599</u>	

CITY OF COMMERCE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS 2005 SPLOST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Estimate Amount	Amount Amount Expended Expended In Prior In Current Year Year		Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
PROJECTS					
Water and Sewer System Improvements	\$ 3,588,575	\$ 1,199,023	\$ 290,787	\$ 1,489,810	42%
Road and Bridge Improvements	1,127,839	-	-	-	0%
Recreation Improvements	205,061	112,159	2,685	114,844	56%
Library Improvements	205,061	166,160		166,160	81%
Totals	\$ <u>5,126,536</u>	\$_1,477,342	\$ <u>293,472</u>	\$ <u>1,770,814</u>	